Knowledge is Power-and the way to keep up with modern Knowlege is to read a good

Vol. XIX.

Five Cents per Copy.

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People BEREA, MADISON COUNTY KENTUCKY, JANUARY 24, 1918.

One Dollar per Year.

No. 30.

The Fourteen Specifications on Peace

The world is at attention!

President Wilson's address filled with soberness and truth silences, in a world of distress, all conflicting sen-

We predict his fourteen specifications on peace, with few modifications will prove the final form of peace

The magnificient spirit of righteousness is a preeminent quality of the address. There is no bitterness, no vengeance, no threatening, no showing of teeth, but a straightforward proposal based upon a deep sense of justice for all parties concerned.

We predict, unless some unforeseen complications arise, 1918 will see the signing of peace terms and the end of hostilities; but, with this the greatest battle of the war seems yet to be fought and the darkest days yet to come to Germany May God hasten a just peace and terminate the reign of militarism on the earth.

Revival Secrets

The working of the Holy Spirit in the hearts of men is no secret on the part of God. The secret if any lies within or without the reach of His workers and Evangelists, just as they may be open to, or unreceptive of the

The pent-up-ness of His people as to their freedom is due to this one lack; the absence of the Holy Spirit.

Much of the success in the great revival meetings is due to the co-operation of His people with His special men and women whom we term evangelists. The ability that these specialists may possess is utilized. Their common language and expression have their weight. "Hitting the saw dust trail" is one that belongs to Mr. Sunday only and would be without significance if used by another. God uses the talents that are loaned to His people.

What are yours for extending His kingdom? Are you ready to co-operate with Dr. Williams in our coming series of meetings? Have you that freedom necessary?

From Camp to College, and Then to France! given narrow escapes.

Berea Receives a Master Preacher for the Coming Revival

Great revivals mark Berea's his- for France to work in the Y. M. C. A. tory under the leadership of such huts at the front. men as President Frost, Doctor Every Christian man and woman Lamar, the Revs. Knight and Neighbour, whose services honored of God have turned hundreds of young lives to the path of life.

This year Berea is especially fortunate in securing the father of the Tabernacle Movement, Dr. M. B. Williams, President of the Association of Evangelists, for the annual revival meetings in the College. He is a lecturer of ability, a powerful preacher, a successul revivalist of wide experience, Oklahoma, Indiana, Illinois, and Iowa bear ample witness to his power in hundreds of conversions. Naturally such a man is in demand.

The Y. M. C. A. have him now at Camp Taylor, Louisville, holding services every day for the men in khahi. His influence there is certainly marked and he is doing great good with the large audiences that

gather nightly to hear him. at Louisville he is scheduled to sail date.



DR. M. B. WILLIAMS

in College and town, every Christian opinion of operators. Coal from the which I sent to you by Mr. Baker, clerk He comes to Berea from Camp student, should pray most earnestly Elkhorn field goes to the Great of the senate. Taylor for just one week of service, for God's blessing to rest on his Lakes' markets and the heavy snow

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lege and then to France .- Our place of letter I don't get." Own State News; U. S. News; World News.

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rea College Honor Roll.

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ZEN were permitted to be a weekly than you know by sending him THE ly. Express messenger and postal

"I am enclosing money order for THE CITIZEN another year. I want PAGE. 1 .- Editorials: The Fourteen it in the "Trenches Over There." Specifications on Peace; Revi- THE CITIZEN is like a confidential val Secrets .- From Camp to Col- friend, and it so often takes the

every soldier must face at times. Barbarities, In Learned Bologna, which letters and other periodicals income tax returns. have failed for they cannot give me the information of the College and PAGE 5 .- Local News Articles; Be- my old friends that THE CITIZEN does each week."

cal Farmers to Get Nitrate. - ZEN does please the boys who are says: "Grave and avoidable danger pension would allow many producing Cincinnati Markets. - Home De- fighting our battle. Why not add a to the safety of our forces and the articles least essential to the war to partment: A Whole Dinner in little sunshine to your friends' lives success of our operations is being continue, while some producing arby sending them THE CITIZEN a caused by the giving of information ticles the most essential would be com-PAGE 7.-International S. S. Les- year? We make every change of by officers and enlisted men to memson. - Sermon. - Handicraft address on our mailing list as soon bers of their families, their friends for Girls. - Boy Scouts. -- Use as notified. Help win the war by and the public in general." keeping the boys in good spirits.

A Berea boy who is in the service of his country writes that he can't "I like THE CITIZEN very much get off to Sunday School but by and look for it each week as I enjoy having THE CITIZEN he is able to train was being pulled by a double the letters and other news and hope keep up his Sunday School lessons header when the second engine left it will be taken in every home in and enjoys the news from home. If Kentucky." How much happier you have a friend in the service The engineer and fireman were inwould many a home be if THE CITI- you will do him a greater favor CITIZEN as a present.

IN OUR OWN STATE

A campaign of patriotic education for Kentucky, especially for the rural districts, is to be conducted by the State Council of Defense with a view to arousing the people of the State to the meaning of the war.

years old of Hazard, was tabbed in the neck while making an arrest and is lying at his home in a critical condition. William Summers, mine foreman at the Walker's Branch U. S. INDUSTRIES SHUT DOWN mine, is in jail suffering from a bullet wound through the leg, held for stabbing Messer. Summers, who is about fifty years old, was arrested by Messer on a charge of drinking.

Clayton Campbell and Frank Hubble were arrested at Whitesburg on warrants sworn out by Judge Samlegging whiskey. Quick justice was meted out to them, and the former and twenty days in jail.

engineer on the Norfolk & Western, east of Whitesburg, was killed and ministrator isued a supplemental statetwo others injured in a freight ment outlining the situation as it exwreck which smashed several cars ists. at a point near Coeburn. Taylor was pinned under debris of the cars for several hours, and when finally lng statement:

1 was, of course, consulted by Mr. taken out was dead.

at a point near the Virginia border, the necessity. Letcher County, when machines "This war calls for many sacrifices, chines were masses of ruins. One rifices of life which might otherwise of the three passengers on Carter's "It is absolutely necessary to get car was seriously injured; others the ships away, it is absolutely neces-

ple of Kentucky is completed per- sired ends. manent organization of the food, supply army in this State will be

in their conduct of the affairs of the few months. Court, which was submitted Tuesday.

The car shortage situation reberland and Big Sandy valley say self." practically the same conditions exist. Not until the weather conditions make a general improvement follows: will the car situation improve, is the | "Permit me to confirm the message and later after concluding his work coming. February 3rd to 10th is the and intense cold have tied up the members of the senate should know at Louisville he is scheduled to sail date.

> source, and will furnish the Govern-THE CITIZEN fills a place in my life ment information for checking up

enlisted men and officers at Camp would be but natural that industry, in Zachary Taylor warning them to maintain secreey of all military ac-There is no use talking, THE CITI- tivities at the cantonment. The order

Serious Railroad Wreck

The early North bound passenger train met with what might have been a very serious wreck one mile south of Conway this morning. The the track accompanied by five care jured but it is thought not serious-

(Continued on Page Five)

GARFIELD ORDER **NECESSARY TO** WIN--WILSON

Chief of Police F. F. Messer, fifty President Consulted by Fuel Chief Before Drastic Action Was Taken.

Exemption Rulings Indicate Effect of Mandate Will Be Less Drastic Than Expected-War Work Is Rushed and Ships Will Be Able to Sail Soon.

Washington, Jan. 21,-With both uel Collins charging them with boot- branches of congress railing against the drastic order of Fuel Administrator Garfield, but with the business men of the nation loyally responding to the was assessed a fine of \$200.00 and terms of that order, the 28 states east twenty days in jail, the latter \$100.00 of the Mississippi river virtually suspended manufacturing industry.

The president issued a brief state-John Taylor, aged thirty-five, an ment to the people of the United States justifying the Garfield order as a necessity of war, and the fuel ad-

> "Order Necessary"-Wilson. President Wilson issued the follow- over all railroads, large or small.

Garfield before the fuel order was issued and fully agreed with him that it An automobile smash-up occurred was necessary, much as I regretted

driven by Doctor Cox and Orbin and sacrifices of the sort called for by Carter came together. Both ma- this order are infinitely less than sac-

sary to relieve the congestion at the ports and upon the railways, it is ab-When the task of copying the solutely necessary that our people names and addresses on the 175,000 should be warmed in their homes if food pledge cards signed by the peomowhere else, and halfway measures
would not have accomplished the de-

Calls on People for Sacrifice. "If action such as this had not been taken we should have limped along from day to day with a slowly only that are really used and injured. Vindication of the course of Geo. improving condition of affairs with re-L. Sehon, superintendent, other of- gard to the shipment of food or coal, but without such immediate relief as ficers and the Executive Committee had become absolutely necessary beand State Board of Directors of the cause of the congestions of traffic far as is compatible with public use Kentucky Children's Home Society which have been piling up for the last and interest. All the lines excluded

of the findings of Eustace L. Wil- result of the action of this sort will the government with utmost fairness liams, Commissioner of the Circuit Justify it and that the people of the country will loyally and patriotically respond to necessities of this kind as they have to every other sacrifice involved in the war.

"We are upon a war footing and I mains serious in the Elkhorn coal am confident that the people of the fields surrounding Whitesburg, United States are willing to observe while reports from both the Cum- the same sort of discipline that might it necessary to get better co-operation be involved in the actual conflict it- of the transportation systems for the

Letter to Senate.

Doctor Garfield's letter to the senate

"It is my earnest desire that the

ernment I would not willingly treat request of the senate with other than Individuals and business organiza- the greatest respect. The order sustions must report to revenue collect- pending the operation of industrial ors each payment of \$800 or more plants in portions of the United States made during 1917 to any person or was issued only after deliberate consideration, and will, I firmly believe, corporation. Officials estimate that ald effectively in providing coal for between 12.000,000 and 20,000,000 re- domestic consumers, for the prompt turns must be made under this bunkering of the carrying necessaryshr regulation, which replaces the pro- bunkering of ships carrying necessary "I am receiving THE CITIZEN and vision of the old law that income war material abroad and for the reit certainly dispels gloom which taxes were to be withheld at the left of the serious congestion of the each to have its own government, but docks and at many points in the section covered by the order. ,

Delay Would Add Confusion.

"I still believe it should stand. To delay the application of the order Strict orders have been issued to would only add to the congestion. It the interval, would redouble its efforts to increase supplies on hand.

"To permit factories with a coal supply to operate during the period of suspelled to shut down. Moreover, continued production by those well supplied with coal would delay if not defeat the relief contemplated by the

"I should add that the resolution was presented to me at 6:35 p. m. yesterday afternoon, and that the order was signed at 5:45."

Lawrence Made Aid to Halg. London, Jan. 21.—Among the many drastic changes Field Marshal Haig to making at British headquarters in France, according to the Times, is the appointment of Lieut, Gen. Sir Herbert A. Lawrence as his chief of staff.

SHORT LINES RELEASED

U. S. Not to Take Over All Railroads, Says McAdoo.

Need for War Purposes the Test, but Nobody Is to Be "Ripped Up the Back."

Washington, Jan. 21.-Director General McAdoo was summoned before the senate interstate commerce committee to explain the operation of government administration of railroads.

Mr. McAdoo said certain so-called short line railroads would be released from government operation as soon as investigations now under way determined that such operation was not ne-

In explaining the purposes of the administration railroad legislation, Mr. McAdoo said he did not propose to keep control of any unnecessary lines or have the government compensate those not taken over.

"As far as I can see after three weeks' preliminary investigation," said Mr. McAdoo, "I don't contemplate taking over any roads not necessary for the government's war purposes, and if some interests necessarily get hurt by it, they will have to stand it."

Director McAdoo was told by senators that small independent short lines feared bankruptcy if the government took control of the large trunk lines and that the government should take

"I can't tell yet what will be essential for the purposes of the war," Mr. McAdoo replied. "The treasury, already overburdened, can't be called upon to reimburse for real, imaginary or indirect injury. I don't think the government should draft into its service a needless railroad any more than it should draft a cripple into the military service. There is no intention to do any injustice to the short lines. They will be helped as far as possible, consistent with the needs of the netion."

Chairman Smith suggested that the short lines are in a difficult situation because of the sudden transition of the transportation systems from a competitive to a controlled basis.

"It seems to me," Mr. McAdoo repiled, "that the short lines are hollering before they're hit. The bill ought to provide compensation for railroads

"There is no disposition to rip anybody up the back. It's the government's desire to treat small as well as big roads as equitably as is possible as society was contained in the report "I have every confidence that the kept going, encouraged and treated by

> Senator Robinson (Dem.) of Arkansas asked Mr. McAdoo to tell the committee why government operation of railroads was necessary.

Mr. McAdoo replied that he did not think he could add anything to what already had been said, but he thought

"Is it your opinion that the conges tion of the railroads resulted from lack of facilities or the lack of proper use?" asked Chairman Smith.

"Both. It grew out of the lack of facilities and the fallure of the separate railroads to co-ordinate."

AGREE TO SPLIT UP RUSSIA

Partitioning of Country Said to Be Plan of Executive Committee of the Bolsheviki.

Stockholm, Jan. 21.-The central executive committee of the Soviet (bolsheviki) has consented to the partitioning of Russia, said a dispatch from Petrograd. The plan is to set up a confederation of national republics, all to be loosely under the authority of Petrograd.

The plan is included in a general program of reform, drawn up for presentation to the constituent assem-

Among the other provisions in the list of reforms are these: Confiscation of banks, mines, industries, railways, forests, and all the land by the bolsheviki government.

TROTZKY TURNS ON FRIEND

Bolsheviki Leader, Supreme in Russia. Imprisons Man to Whom He Owes His Liberty.

Stockholm, Sweden, Jan. 21 .- A procialist opponents of Foreign Minister Trotzky, including several of the most prominent of the former revolutionary having Trotzky liberated by the pro is anything else than a proper ex-

During the week there has been much activity on the western front of the war. German soldiers have been pouring into Belgium in large numbers in preparation for some move. What the nature of this will be is not yet apparent. At present the attacks are being made at various points and not centered in one great drive. The English casualities have been growing greater and average about three thousand a day.

The peace conference at Brest-Litovsk is not reaching any decisive result. Neither side will give in on the matter of removing the German troops from soil of Russian Poland where they are established. The Bolsheviki leader, Trotsky, in leaving the conference desired the German foreign minister to know that the plan to secure a peace was not to be considered as needed. The militarist party, however, are not likely to meet the terms made by

Turkey has signified a desire to make peace terms with Russia and has offered large-concessions to that end. Among others is a provision for the free passage of the Dardanelles of which Russia has been deprived for years. Russia, however, is unwilling to make the peace because it requires the giving up of some places in Asia Minor now held

The Ex-Premier of France, M. Caillaux, is becoming more deeply involved in the charge for treason against him. He is known to have had relations with German agents, and would have blocked his country from resisting Germany's purposes if he had been able. For some time he has been in South America and when he left the German government ordered that he be spared if the vessel in which he was a passenger should be sunk. The revelation of the case is partly due to correspondence to German agents taken by the secret service of the United States. This evidence was turned over to France at her request.

The Constituent Assembly which was to frame a constitution for Russia opened during the week. The from government control ought to be Bolsheviki party expected to control it and to shape a government after their own desire. It soon became evident that they could not do this and the Assembly was dissolved. A violent struggle is likely to follow and new elements in the Russian situation may soon make themselves felt. The two leaders, Lenine and Trotsky, are in conflict because of jealousy and different opinions, and confusion increases.

> The peace feeling is growing very strong in Austria-Hungary. The fereign minister, Czernin, not long since expressed the belief that the Wilson terms might become the basis of a settlement. There are violent strikes on the railroads and elsewhere and the Emperor Karl is not disposed to follow the expansionist policy of the military party of Germany, Moreover, the food shortage is most severe in Austria of all the countries at war.

> Doctor Ussher, a missionary from Turkey, is traveling in the United States and has many important things to say. He gives some impressions of Turkey that differ from the common reports. According to these statements the bulk of the Turkish people are not in sympathy with the action of their government in joining the central powers but they have been helpless to oppose. It is charged that Germany has stripped Turkey of its gold money, taking something over \$700,000,000. and leaving its place only the German paper notes. It is reported that a quarter of a million Turkish soldiers, under German leadership in the Palestine campaign, have deserted.

A commission of Mexicans has test published by the total Social Dem- started for Japan on a Japanese vesokraten shows that the bolsheviki have sel. They speak of their purpose as confined in the S. S. Peter and Paul legitimate, since they are to make a fortress in Petrograd a number of so treaty with Japan and arrange for the purchase of munitions of war. Such a movement is naturally an leaders in Russia. Among them is M. object of interest and perhaps of Bramson, who has been known since suspicion to the United States but the first duma as a tireless agitator for there is yet no reason to believe freedom. It was he who succeeded in that the object of the commission

(Continued on Page Pive)

University Column THE WAR AND SOUTHERN

months or two years.

because of the Negro Migration.

This large migration of farm laspeak you will find the trouble goes freshments were served. deeper: Listen to this indictment published in a Negro paper as an DEAN BOWERSOX CALLED TO HER open letter from a Georgia Negro to insults to their women and them- College Department. work free labor should be doing; ever awakening." eighth, poor schools for their children; ninth, no agricultural schools for their children, while they are taxed to pay for such schools for the children for their white friends; tenth, taxation without representation in the manage-Methodist, Southern Presbyterian them. South. Deep down in your heart, delightful heroine of the book. do you blame them? Can you blame

them?" We college men ought to be the first to understand these conditions. We ought to know the facts. We cannot afford to miss our chance to help our Southland in this hour of great need. Every man of us should study first hand what this migra- after each one. tion of Negro labor means and should do our best to meet the situation. The call of the hour is for clear cut knowledge. Get some books and read on the problem. Ask some man to speak in your college. Start a study group led by some professor. Get busy if you want to help your nation in an hour of need.

Self-Pity; Self-Praise.

Half the world is gnawed by the beast Self Pity and the other half is bitten by the beast Self Praise. It is better to chain both these animals and go out free and unconcerned about self. All this concern about self is the misfortune which dogs the man who has not related himself to the one universal law.

Worth Knowing.

He who always receives and never gives acquires, as a matter of course a narrow, contracted, selfish character His soul has no expansion, no benevolent impulses, no elevation of aim. He

College Column

North during the last eighteen ly cold toward the subject matter cuss our country's affairs. they were presenting. After the This means, that thousands of evidence was all in, there was little acres of land in the South are lying to choose from the two teams. The idle because there are no laborers affirmative gained the decision, we to plant and cultivate the crops, believe, because of its deeper This is costing the South millions analysis of the question, its subtler each month. Doctor Branson, of the and more comprehensive grasp of University of North Carolina, said the fundamental issues, and its skiil You must live for your Defender. has been attached to it because it is last summer in an address delivered in refutation. Our opinion is that at the Blue Ridge Association, that the winning Phi Delta team demonwe were a quarter of a billion dol- strated exceptional strength in lars poorer in crop values in 1917 handling the more difficult side of When your life here on earth is a difficult question.

borers means higher farm wages Monday afternoon, January 14, on acount of scarcity of supply, the winter term dormitory recep- And have that of no other way, Rise in farm wages means rise in tion was held at Ladies Hall, instead labor power in mills, factories and of Pearsons Hall. The young men And your comfort will surely stay. all other industries, which in turn all declared that having the girls means increase in cost of production as hostesses proved to be a very and hence increase in living ex- pleasant innovation. The brief inpense for every last man. But high- spection of rooms was followed by er wages is not the only reason why a program, consisting of a few Negroes are going North. If you musical numbers and a reading by read Negro papers or hear Negroes Miss Welsh, after which light re-

HOME

Governor Brown, speaking of the Dean-Bowersox was called home labor agencies who have lured the last Tuesday by the sudden death Negro North. He says: "First, the of her mother. In a letter recently mob violence and the lynchers; received she expressed her deep apsecond, injustice in the courts; preciation for the sympathy of her And what can we afford? third, paying first-class railroad Berea friends and for the beautiful fare for fourth-class service; fourth, flowers sent by the faculty and the And then comes our reward.

selves on railroads and street cars; She writes that her mother was fifth, insults in public places, eleva- at church the evening before at a tors and on the streets; sixth, the revival service, and went to bed right to vote and to bear arms in about ten o'clock as well as usual. defense of their State denied; At seven o'clock the next morning seventh, poor pay for their labor on she was found apparently still sleepthe farms and public works, while ing. "She had slipped into God's convicts are often used to do the arms while she was asleep without

REVIEW OF "ALMETTA OF GABRIEL'S RUN" Miss Welsh

Among the new holiday books is "Almetta of Gabriel's Run." This delightful and appreciative study ment of the government; eleventh, of the mountain people is by Mrs. no representation on the juries; Louise S. Murdock, wife of the twelfth, in some cities and towns, President of Witherspoon College, no parks, playgrounds, or swim- Buckhorn, Kentucky. Mrs. Murdock ming pools for their children, yet has long lived and worked among they are taxed to provide such for the people she so sympathetically the children of their white friends; describes, and the book is the result thirteenth, segregation into the of her own experience. No one who sickly parts of the citise where the knows and loves the mountain peostreets are poorly kept and often ple can fail to appreciate these kindneglected; fourteenth, poor encour- ly and discriminating sketches, and agement for their efforts to do right; to those who do not know them but fifteenth, the white Church and its would know them aright the book Christianity in the State, so far as I will be a good introduction to a have been able to learn, ex- people who, though living plainly, cept in a few cases of spo- think nobly, and have much to teach radic nature in the Southern the "furriners" who come among

and the Episcopal Churches, is silent | There is an interesting thread of and passive on these wrongs. These, narration running through the book tered upon her duties as an assistant Mr. Brown, are a few of the labor which holds the attention throughagents, who are taking our colored out, and one becomes deeply interpeople away from Georgia and the ested in the fortunes of Almetta, the

Lumber Preservative.

It has recently been discovered that gum lumber when immersed in pure gummed spirits of turpentine many years longer when exposed to open air. The usual method of treating the lumber is to give it three coatings and allow it to thoroughly dry

MAJ. KENDALL BANNING



Major Banning, who is doing good work in organizing the photographic learns to feel and think and care only division of the United States army

Academy Column

The intersociety debate of last In this time of stress and national Saturday was a very successful one, crisis, the eyes of our nation are Perhaps few college men realize and reflects much credit upon the turned upon the highest legislative the tremendous changes which the teams themselves, the societies, and body of the United States. In like Dear Normal Friends: war is bringing about in the South, the department. The effects of the manner are the eyes of the Academy After three weeks of army life at Almost every phase of life is feel- many weeks of preparation were turned upon its highest literary Camp Johntson we have gained work last week, ing this influence. In no place is apparent in the carefully organized society, known as the Senate-and some impressions that would perthis change more marked than in briefs, the thoroughly mastered second only to that body for which haps not be amiss if we should arguments, and the fluent and easy it was named. This group of young share a few of them with you. You The war has opened a great new delivery of all the speakers. Per- men have been doing some big have heard so much of army life of industry for making munitions, haps the only thing that would have work during the last four months; late that it would be monotonous to more than ever the use of their Thousands of men and women have improved the debate, from the and they are still improving. Many you for us to rehearse the ups and Reception Rooms these cold Sunbeen crowded into these plants. The standpoint of the audience, would of them are planning to enter the downs (rather the outs and ins, as days. It is here that they can places of manual labor vacated by have been a little more spontaneous oratorical contest on prohibition, it is in the army), of "raw recruits." meet around the cheerful fireplace these white workers have been fill- vigor and enthusiasm in its presen- which is to be held in the Academy. But you will no doubt be interested and with their teacher-in-charge ed by colored people. Hence nearly tation. Even in the rebuttals, some We are expecting great things of to know something of Uncle Sam's enjoy the popping of corn, visiting half a million Negroes have gone of the speakers seemed to be slight- these young men, who meet to dis- "Baby Camp," as ours is called.

LIFE

God hath given you comfort. And you, who have given Him none, Cannot retain this comfort

If just for yourself you are living, Just change your life to giving,

To you, for whom life is a sorrow, Ne'er thinking of anything new, You would find a better tomorrow If you'd just stop thinking of "you."

God hath given a pathway, And you, who have taken it not, If you'll but follow it half way You will never want to stop.

If your life you are dreading, The problem is up to you To start right in "threading." Many more things to do.

Just how should we think of life, It is one big joyous strife, -Dorothy Wilson.

MISS HELEN D. M'CORMICK



Miss Helen D. McCormick has endistrict attorney in New York city. Her excellent work as state factory inspector brought her to the attention of District Attorney Lewis of Kings county. Miss McCormick is thirty years old and is a graduate of the Brooklyn law school. She was eamitted to the bar five years ago. She has always been an active worker for woman suffrage, being chairman of the Tenth assembly district.

Cultivate Your Aspirations.

the work they are doing. Many of them have aspirations for something better, more congenial. If you have any natural leaning toward a higher grade of work, says Physical Culture Magazine, don't strive to put it out of much in your mind. It may indicate etc. a field for which you are especially gifted. If you have any ambitions, cultivate them. It is only those who dare to follow the guiding star of destiny by encouraging and cultivating these aspi rations who ultimately move forward to their realization.

To Cut Paper.

When you lose your knife or do not have a pair of scissors at hand for cuting the paper a common pin or needle of any kind serves the purpose admirably, says Popular Science Monthly. If it is a single sheet from which the slipping is to be removed, lay the part on another paper, hold the pin slantwise so that the point will follow around the clipping, just as if tracing its outline. Pass back over the scratch with the point in the lead and you will be surprised how smoothly the pin cuts the paper.

FROM CAMP JOHNSTON

Normal Column

Jacksonville Fla.

Camp Joseph E. Johnston is locat- books. ed twelve miles from Jacksonville, Fla., on the St. Johns River. It is If to you life is dark and dreary, camp-both from the standpoint of evening last week. You still have this to remember: location and construction than the To make your life more cheery baby camp. The name baby camp the last addition to the cantonments for the training of America's fighting forces.

The site is indeed most ideal. Lying as it does upon a slight rise, the camp is well drained and the soil is of such a character that mud cause of lack of practice. The Voand slush is almost unknown. It is surrounded on one side by the by a score of 18 to 15. The spirit beautiful St. Johns and on the other of each team was fine and the play three by beautiful groves, and it is was clean. picturesque to behold.

One man told us that the rapidity with which the camp was constructed was little short of marvelous. ground to pass a given point and on be played next Monday. his return to find that a large was inside."

American history know Joseph E. their duty. Johnston too well for need of com- I am delighted in the way Berea ment. You no doubt remember that boys have stepped forward as ofarmies in the Mexican War, and as win this war. I, too, would enjoy Commander-in-chief of the Confed- a chance at one of the Officers' erate Army until he was shot from Schools; but to get there I must his horse in the battle of the "Seven have an arm loaded with letters of

this camp, where men of the re- last Camp. In the regular Army a united armies-those of the North man's ability is considered. and the South, now sons of one I presume that most of the stucountry, meet in good fellowship to dents of my classes of 1912, 13 and 14 Christian von Bernstorff, son of the Son of the Southland who was loyal being at war so soon; had I, I would divorced two husbands. The count is both to his country and to his sec- have managed to have finished

You are no doubt getting tired of this long account and we don't blame you, but we can't conclude without a word of appreciation to you and all our Berea friends. We can never forget the send-off we received at the hands of the Normal boys, and the department as a whole. It stirs our hearts to be more courageous and hold up amid tainted languages and army gossip the Christian principles we received while at Berea.

On December 13, 1917, our train rolled away from our dear old Berea. We parted from her with fond memories, memories that will follow us throughout our lives. At times when we are on our bunks and our minds are wandering back thru this beautiful land of ours they seem to focus on Berea and we can again hear the voices of the fe'lows that were singing, when the shrieks Very few people are satisfied with of the locomotive that took us away made everything behind silent, but still the singing rings in our ears and we can realize as never before the meaning of the dear old songs "We Are All Good Fellows" and your mind, but try to keep it very "There'll Be Love in Old Phi Delta,"

> With best regards to all Bereans, we remain,

Most sincerely yours Robert E. Miller, Ernest B. Hill.

P. S.-Remember that we are always glad to hear from our Berea friends and we are expecting a few more of them to come across. Address: Camp Johnston, Block H. 15,

Jacksonville, Fia.

SGT. JAMES B. CAUDILL WRITES DOCTOR MC ALLISTER

Co. "D" 316th Engineers, Camp Lewis, Washington, January 5th, 1918.

Dear Friend: The Army is growing so that my

Vocational Column

Arthur Stanley and James Allen from Henderson, enrolled in the January 6, 1918. Carpentry department Monday. Miss Nettie Rice from Rice Sta-

tion, entered in the Domestic Science

AROUND THE FIRESIDE

Vocational girls are enjoying together, and the reading of good

A group of Vocational students with Dr. and Mrs. Lichtwardt as said that nowhere in the country conductors had a very delightful can there be found a more ideal sleigh ride around 'The Horn' on-

VOCATIONAL VS ACADEMY

On Monday of this week the opening game of the eliminating series of Departmental basket ball was played between the Vocational and Academy Departments. cational team proved itself superior

The spirit of the Vocational girls in their yelling did much to inspire Combs and Wiseman, as well as other members of the team, to their Said he, "It was as though a magic- greatest efforts. This is a good ian had moved his wand over the start for Vocational and we exscene and buildings began to appear pect to keep it up. Watch this all over the ground. It was nothing unusual for a visitor entering the column next week for the results of the Vocational and Normal game to

building had been erected and the address changes often, and at carpenter work completed while he present I am with the National Engineers. I came here last March It is a wooden city, and sprang up and took part in the surveying of in sixty days. Where a short time this Cantonment, and in September ago only trees stood there is today I was transferred here per War Dea city of several thousand people, partment Order to help organize the and everything is life and hustle National Engineers. Just how well I about the place. Within a short have succeeded is to see the company time a brick roadway will be run- perform. I would enjoy explaining ning throughout the entire camp. | many things, but we are not to give Another phase, perhaps, of inter-information in detail. I wi'l say est is the significance of its name. there is a difference in the way En-Those familiar with the pages of listed and Drafted men perform

he served as Quartermaster for our ficers; and such men as they will recommendations and unfortunate It seems very appropriate that for me, I didn't have them for this

HENRI FARRO

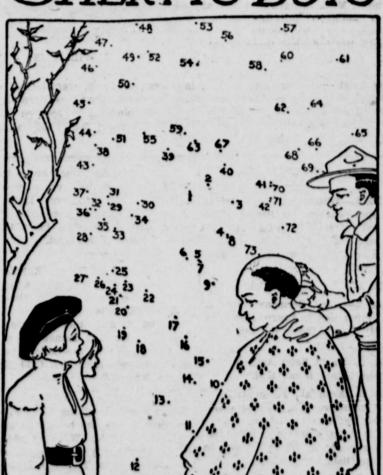


M. Henri Farro, official aviation artist of the French government, who has brought to this country a remarkable collection of paintings, depicting the aerial battles over the firing line and incidents of aviation life high in the clouds. As machine oun observer he took part in many of the encounters he so graphically portrays on his cas-



This is Mrs. Marguerite Vivian Burton Thomason of Burlington, N. J. only twenty-six years of age.

TERMS DOTS



THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE.

By Clifford Leon Sherman. Dear Folks:-This morning when the boys were having their hair clipped two little French kiddles wandered into camp. They were nice little youngsters, and we gave them some buffalo nickels for souvenirs. They were very quiet, but you could see they were dying to ask questions. After their shyness wore off, one of them said, through an interpreter, "Of course, you

To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from d (Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

GERMANY GUILTY OF BARBARITIES IN WAR CONDUCT

Atrocious Treatment of the Helpless Part of Campaign Plans of Military Leaders.

POLICY OF FRIGHTFULNESS

Terrorism Declared a Necessary Principle in National Warfare-Brutalities May Be Said to Be Directly Attributable to the Emperor Himself.

The committee on public information, appointed by the president, and consisting of the secretary of state, secretary of war, secretary of the navy, and George Creel, official censor, has made public a mass of evidence dealing with German war practices which shows the kaiser's leaders ir. the field and in command of captured points to be directly responsible for the beastliness which has characterized the operations of the "Huns," in the present conflict. Quotations from the pamphlet fol-

For many years leaders in every civilized nation have been trying to make even to look at a German askance. . . . warfare less brutal. The great landwarfare less brutal. The great landmarks in this movement are the Geneva and Hague conventions. The former made rules as to the care of the sick and wounded and established the Red Cross. At the first meeting at Geneva, in 1864, it was agreed, and until the present war it has been taken for granted, that the wounded, and the doctors and nurses who cared for them, would be safe from all attacks by the enemy. The Hague conventions, drawn up in 1899 and 1907, made additional rules to soften the usages of war and especially to protect noncombatants and conquered lands. Germany took a prominent part in these meetings, and with the other nations solemnly pledget, wer faith to keep all the rules except one article in the Hague regulations. This was article 44, which forbade the conqueror to force tion. All the other rules and regula-

But Germany's military leaders had no intention of keeping these solemn ing a policy of frightfulness. In the middle of the nineteenth century Von Clausewitz was looked upon as the greatest military authority, and the methods which he advocated were used of civilization to the world, we will by the Prussian army in its successful follow without contradiction. But the wars of 1866-1871. Consequently be- ways and means in which this world cause these wars had been successful, policy has been carried on thus far, in the wisdom of Von Clausewitz' methods seemed to the Prussian army to be fully proved.

Policy of Frightfulness.

Now, the essence of Von Clausewitz' respect of the world." teachings was that successful war involves the ruth!ess application of force. In the opening chapter of his master work, "Vom Kriege" ("On War"), he "Violence arms itself with the inven-

tions of art and science. . . Selfimposed restrictions, almost imperceptible and hardly worth mentioning, termed usages of international law, accompany it without essentially impairing its power. . . . Now, philanthropic souls might easily imagine that there is a skillful method of disarming or subduing an enemy without causing too much bloodshed, and that this is the true tendency of the art of war. However plausible this may appear, still it is an error which must be destroyed; for in such dangerous things as war, the errors which proceed from a spirit of 'good-naturedness' are precisely the worst. As the use of physical force to the utmost extent by no means excludes the cooperation of the intelligence, it follows that he who uses force ruthlessly, without regard to bloodshed, must obtain a superiority, if his enemy does not so use it."

In 1877-78, in the course of a series of articles upon "Military Necessity and Humanity," General von Hartmann wrote, in the same spirit as Von Clau-

"The enemy state must not be spared the want and wretchedness of war; these are particularly useful in shattering its energy and subduing its will." "Individual persons may be harshly dealt with when an example is made of them, intended to serve as a warn-Whenever a national war breaks out, terrorism becomes a necessary military principle." "It is a gratuitous illusion to suppose that odern war does not demand far more brutality, far more violence, and an action far more general than was for-

In 1881 Von Moltke, who had been commander in chief of the Prussian army in the Franco-Prussian war, de-

"Perpetual peace is a dream and not even a beautiful dream. War is an element in the order of the world established by God. By it the most noble virtues of man are developed, courage and renunciation, fidelity to duty and the spirit of sacrifice—the soldier gives his life. Without war, the world would generate and lose itself in material-

"The soldier who endures suffering, privation and fatigue, who courts dangers, cannot take only in proportion to the resources of the country.' He must take all that is necessary to his existence. One has no right to demand of him anything superhuman." "The great good in war is that it should be ended quickly. In view of this, every means, except those which are positively condemnable, must be permitted. I cannot, in any way, agree with the declaration of St. Petersburg when it pretends that 'the weakening of the military forces of the enemy' constitutes the only legitimate method of procedure in war. No! One must attack all the resources of the enemy government, his finances, his railroads, his stock of provisions and even his prestige. . . ."

Many other examples might be cited

from the writings of German generals. The very best illustration of this attitude, however, is to be found in the emperor's various speeches, and especially in his speech to his soldiers on the eve of their departure for China in 1900. On July 27 the kalser went to Bremerhaven to bid farewell to the German troops. As they were drawn up, ready to embark for China, he addressed to them a last official message from the fatherland. The local newspaper reported his speech in full. In It appeared this advice and admonition from the emperor, the commander in chief of the army, the head of all Germany:

Soldiers Told to Be Merclless.

"As soon as you come to blows with the enemy he will be beaten. No mercy will be shown! No prisoners will be taken! As the Huns, under King Attila, made a name for themselves, which is still mighty in traditions and legends today, may the name of German be so fixed in China by your deeds, that no Chinese shall ever again dare

Even the imperial councilors seem to have been shocked at the emperor's speech, and efforts were promptly made to suppress the circulation of his exact words. The efforts were only partly successful. A few weeks later, when the letters from the German soldiers in China were being published, in local German papers, the leading socialist newspaper, Vorwaerts, excerpted from them reports of atrocl-ties under the title "Letters of the Huns." Many of the leaders in the reichstag felt very keenly the brutality of the emperor's speech. The obnox-lous word "Huns" had excited almost universal condemnation. When the reichstag met, in November, the speech was openly discussed. Herr Lieber of the center (Catholic party), after quoting the "no mercy" portion of the any of the conquered to give informa- speech, added, "There are, alas, in Germany groups enough who have regardtions she accepted in the most binding ed the atrocities told in the letters which have been published as the dutiful response of soldiers so addressed and encouraged." The leader of the promises. They had been trained social democrats, Herr Bebel, spoke along different lines. Their leading even more pointedly. Toward the end generals for many years had been urg- of a two-hour address on the atrocities committed by the German soldiers in China and on the speech of the emperor, he said:

"If Germany wishes to be the bearer which it has been defined by the emperor . . . are not, in our opinion, the way to preserve the world position of Germany, to gain for Germany the

The consequences of the emperor speech Bebel aptly described:

"By it the signal was given, garbed in the highest authority of the German empire, which must have most weighty consequences, not only for the troops who went to China but also for the who stayed at home. An expedition of revenge so barbarous as this has never occurred in the last hundred years and not often in history; at least, nothing worse than this has happened in history, either done by the Huns, by the Vandals, by Genghis Khan, by Tamerlane, or even by Tilly when he sacked Magdeburg."

Atrocities in China.

These atrocities in China or "Letters of the Huns" continued to be published in the Vorwaerts for several years and appeared intermitiently in the debates of the reichstag as late as 1906. At that time the socialist, Herr Kunert, reviewing the procedure in a trial of which he had been the victim in the previous summer, stated that he had offered to prove "that German soldiers in China had engaged in wanton and brutal ravaging; that plunder, pillage, extortion, robbery, as well as rape and sexual abuses of the worst kind, had occurred on a very large scale and that German soldiers had participated in them." He had not been given an opportunity to prove his allegations, but had been sentenced to prison for three months for assailing the honor of the "whole German army." The outrageousness of this sentence was made clear by the revelations, made in the reichstag shortly afterwards, of similar atrocities committed by German officials and soldiers in Africa in the campaign against the Hereros.

For the guidance of the officers in case the inhabitants of conquered territory should take up arms against the German army, the "German War Book" quotes with approval the letter Napoleon sent to his brother Joseph:

The security of your dominion depends on how you behave in the conquered province. Burn down a dozen aces which are not willing to sub mit themselves. Of course, not until you have first looted them; my soldiers must not be allowed to go away with their hands empty. Have three to six persons hanged in every village which has joined the revolt; pay t respect to the cossack" (that is, to bers of the clergy).



Foro del Mercanti, Bologna,

OLOGNA deserves greater atten- | beginning of the war it was for a short tion from the world than it commonly receives. For some unvisited this very old yet strangely modern and democratic city of over 110,000 inhabitants. Yet hardly anyone in the world but has heard of the town. For this is the home of Bologna sausage, renowned and savory mortadella, writes Edgar Ansel Mowrer to the Chicago Daily News.

First a Ligurian, then an Etruscan, a Roman, a medieval, a thoroughly modern Italian town, Bologna is today the seat of a good museum and a fine collection of paintings of the late renascence, type Guido Reni. Architecturally, however, it is predominantly medieval. The finest of its fine old public buildings are a sort of Lombard gothic. Over its fine palaces, its solid picturesque old-worldliness, rise many towers-that of the Asinelli more than 800 years old and 320 feet high. It leans four feet out of the perpendicular. Near it, near enough to astonish a visitor—one cannot imagine why these two should have been begun within a year and within thirty feet of each other-is the other leaning tower, the Torre Garisenda, unfinished, only 156 feet high, but eight feet out of the perpendicular. Pisa's famous leaning tower is 23 feet higher and only leans 14 feet. But all this and found in any guide book.

More interesting are the intimate sensations and aspects of the place, its personality among cities. These demand and will repay a visit to the handsome medieval town-medieval yet quite modern-thronged with historic specters. Here Enzo, son of the Emperor Frederick II, was confined for some twenty years after Bologna with the rest of the Lombard league defeated the emperor at Fossalta. Here in 1547 was held a session of the Council of Trent, here Rossini studied music early in the last century, and later built himself a house. And here, too, Carducci, modern Italy's greatest poet and a splendid figure, taught literature and wrote beautiful and defiant words.

At the hotel where I write is an inscription to the effect that Lord Byron once "lived and conspired" in this very house. And the inscription is by Carducci. Yet perhaps the greatest citizen of Bologna was Giovanni Galvini, the inventor of the galvanic battery and a contemporary of Franklin.

Oldest University There. "Bononia docet"-Bologna teaches-

announces the inscription on many an old coin. The university, the oldest, if I am not mistaken, in Europe, is reputed to have been founded by Theodosius the Great in 425. For nearly 1,-500 years it has been a meces of stu-Even today its reputation, though less than it was, is considerable. But in 1262 the number of students is supposed to have reached 10,-000. During the middle ages its name was synonymous with legal learning. Bologna led in law, as Paris in theology. Women were students and even occupied professorial chairs.

The beauty of one fair pedagogue, Novella d'Andrea, must have been disastrous, for the good lady was compelled to lecture from behind a screen The Archiginnasio Antico, an old building formerly the seat of the university. bears painted on its inner walls the coats of arms of thousands of former students, literally from every country in Europe. The newer buildings, near the Pinacoteca, lack atmosphere. Yet there are still many woman students. I noticed today with pleasure a constant passing of co-eds through the dignified main entrance. Alas! the university is itself party to the war. A placard outside the building proclaims it a place of refuge in case of air raids. far unattempted.

Disturbed by the War. Yet not for nothing is Bologna a fortress guarding the Apennine passes and the seat of an army corps. At the

time the seat of the general staff. Even today its streets, cafes and horeasons most travelers leave tels are thronged with soldiers. They monopolize everything. They have taken one of the eight churches which go to make up the intensely interesting basilica of Santo Stefano. Tearfully the sacristan's wife told me how they are using the building for a storeroom, how they have damaged the walls and ruined the paintings. As the guide book fails to give even the merest description of the church in question, it is doubtful if it contains : wthing worth special protection. Possibly the sacristan's wife exaggerates. But she is antimilitarist and wound up a long recital of her woes with the reiterated ejaculation: "And to think that there are some people who wanted this war!" Since the war began hardly a soul has visited the tombs of Saint Vitalis and Martyr Agricola. Churches Seven and Eight are closed. Life is

> The military have occupied the park above the Piazza dell' 8 Agosto-a re minder of the heroic days of 1848 and Italian "risorgimento." Here as throughout the entire European world the military are the masters.

indeed askew.

It is market day. All Bologna is in the streets. The Piazza di Re Enzo is the scene of a motley throng. The Bolcgnese are handsome and intelligent. The town is the center of the book trade. It breathes culture. It is also a center of industry and has a socialist administration. This fact has undoubtedly embittered the struggle between Catholic and freethinker.

Crusade Against Profanity On.

On the walls of the cathedral I no ticed a strange announcement. Tomor row, it informed me, the church would witness the inauguration of a crusade against blasphemy and foul speaking, to be undertaken by none other than his eminence Giorgio Gusmini, cardinal prince of the church and archbishop of Bologna. Cardinal Gusmini has recently opened a "school of religion" in his own archiepiscopal palace, intending thus to inculcate more firmly the rudiments of Christian theology among the lay youth.

But the cardinal has outlined no easy task. The ancient motto of Bologna is "libertas," easily taken to mean freedom from restraint. The Bolognese are traditionally turbulent. Early in their story they embraced the cause of against Ghibelline, burgher against knight, and though they bore the yoke of the proud Bentivoglio family, theirs was no herbivorous submission. The civic theater today occupies the former site of the Bentivoglio pal-

ace, burned in 1507 by an angry mob. With Milan, Bologna pours forth ever fresh life to the socialist liberalist currents in Italian politics. And, coincidentally, Milan and Bologna are the only two towns in Italy where there exists anything like the so-called night life of great capitals. In this respect as in many others Bologna "feels bigger" to the visitor than the number of its inhabitants would imply.

Architecturally, the entire city is in contrast with the ardent pleasure-loving character of the inhabitants. The thie municipal buildings, which testify to an ancient and intense communal life, the many fine churches, the hundreds of fine private palaces, the towers, the miles of arcades, the wellsupplied yet severe display windows, give a thoroughly monastic air to the place. Alas for externals! One soon discovers that cafes are numerous and well frequented. The easy freedom of Bologna might be taken by a pletist for simple godlessness. Yet Bologna is today one of the most interesting cities in Italy. Too long it has been buried under the reputation of Florence, richer in museums surely, but not nearly so interesting a modern city, nor so fine a specimen of the antique. Externally ogna bears comparison with its

OUGHT TO BE



"Are you sure it's genuine?" "Every girl that's had it so far be had it tested."

JUST WAIT ON



"Will you tell your sister the young millionaire she met at the beach is

"She knows it. She says a patient waiter is no loser, and she saw you waiting on a table today."

SO WILL THE MORTGAGE



You may shatter, you may wreck The auto, if you will; But the scent of the petrol Will cling to it still.

IN THE MUDDY ROAD



First Autoist-Did your new auto bile go fast? Second Autoist-No; it stuck fast.

PLAUSIBLE THEORY



"It's the honest man in this work who needs watching."

"How's that?" "Oh! the dishonest ones will cheat you, anyhow, whether you watch them My Secret

By WARNER MILLER

Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union

Annie Clark was fifteen years old when I first saw her, a rosy-cheeked, laughing girl who had never known misfortune. We were fisher folk, and sailors and lived under the canopy of heaven; used to the breaking of the waves on the beach, which at times lulled us to slumber and at times merged with the roar of the tempest.

I was thirty years old then and when I saw Annie racing over the sands or climbing the dunes, her hair streaming behind her, in the wind, I felt then in comparison with her I was a hundred. At any rate I knew that to her I was an old man while to me she was a child. The day would soon come when some youngster would carry her off and I left in a world that would be dreary without her,

But still she romped and pulled about, when the water wes calm, in her boat, and with bare feet ran on the sand of a windy day like a bird.

"Of tempest-loving kind Thus beating up against the wind," and no wooer came. The only claim I had on her was when she would sit beside me on the end of the dock under which the waves were rolling and I would tell her stories.

Then came a sailor lad still in his teens and he and Annie came together with a snap like two magnetized metals. How I envied that boy. He was a handsome fellow, and in his sailor togs, a unique costume unlike any other, I thought It no wonder that Annie should find a mate in him. Annie's father and I were chums, he being but a few years older than I and one day he said to me:

"Tom, d'y'e mind this young Crocker boy, maken up to my Annie?"

The devil tempted me to say he's no good. 'Twould be a pity for Annie to throw herself away on such as he.
If I had said that Jim Clark would have sent him away without Annie. But I braced myself and said, "He's a likely chap, and I believe would go aloft to furl a sail in a hurricane as quick as any man."

That settled it. The next day Ned Crocker asked Clark for Annie's hand,

and got it. I was menden nets on the sand in the mornen when I felt a pair of arms around my neck and turnin' saw Annie's happy face near to mine. She had come to tell me that she was to marry the sailor boy.

"Papa says you think well of him," she said, "and papa will take your opinion of anyone in preference to his

"I'm glad you're so happy, my dear," I said, but the words choked me.

Annie's happiness did not last long. She married Crocker, but he sailed away from her and never returned, my words about him to her father were proved. When his ship came in we were told that in a hurricane he ft to furl a sail, when other man dared go, and losing his hold was blown overboard.

Annie mourned him but she had youth on her side and though she was never the romp she had been was in time herself again. She turned to me for comfort and sometimes I dared hope that we might in time be something more than friends, but a few years after Crocker's taking off, she married again, this time the mate of a ship that sailed between New York and Japan. He wasn't the handsome sailor lad Crocker was, and he didn't sail with the wind. His ship was a steamer.

Simmons, this was Annie's husband, didn't live much longer than the first. He came home sick from his first vorage after their marriage, and though Annie nursed him tenderly she couldn't save him. He died in her arms and we buried him in the little plot of ground on the hillside, a mile back from the village.

A big storm raged on the coast. Several miles out was a reef, covered with water at high tide. In the afternoon a ship was seen to founder on the ledge and within a few minutes she was broken to pieces. In time wreckage and bodies began to come in and the beach was soon covered with both. We did what we could to take in and bury the dead, but night came on before we could clean the beach.

The next day I went with several others to hunt for bodies that had drifted northward. We found them scattered along the beach and buried them as we found them. I got separated from the rest and came upon the body of a young man. I started the moment I saw him for I recog nized Ned Crocker.

He was several years older than when I had last seen him and had some beard on his face, but he was Crocker all the same. Before any of the others reached me I had carried him back to where there was earth instead of sand and buried him. I found out in time why Crocker was alive the day before I found the body. He had found another mate and the account of his death had been made up to screen his wife from a worse blight. I have continued the decep tion never having told her that I found his body. She has long been my wife, but the difference in our ages seems much less than when she was a girl

"I know he's honest." "What makes you think so?"
"He's always willing to give his note for any money that he borrows."

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Dean & Stafford REAL ESTATE

Bank & Trust Bldg.

Best Blacksmithing

We SELL hats and sell them right. Mrs. Laura Jones.

of the week in Berea with his brotheir home on Chestnut Street.

Miss Hilda Welch and Ruby Smith this capacity. made a bussiness trip to Chicago at the first of the week.

Dr. J. W. Raine, who is connected

Mr. W. A. Todd returned Tuesday from a business trip to his farm in

Miss Lela Flannery, who is taking a course in nursing at Battle Creek. her sister, Elizabeth.

Mr. M. D. Ridder and family of Ervine, Tenn., are guests at Boone Tavern this week.

Miss Rilda Chandler and Ethel Dooley of Boone were here Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. G. T. Tinsley of Four Mile and Mrs. F. H. Kelly of Harlan. were called here Saturday on account of the illness of their sister, Miss Elizabeth Flannery.

Mr. C. D. Lakes of Richmond was here Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Branaman of Silver

The Progress Club was entertained last Thursday at the home of Mrs. Church. Jesse Baird on Jackson Street.

Blue recruiting flag sign was removed from near the depot. Please replace sign or report any knowl-Berea, Ky.

Charles H. McAtee, who has charge if the industrial labor section of Kentucky's House of Reform at last of the week, and on his return took with him his younger brother, Thomas, for an operation for appendicitis, to a Lexington hospital.

We shall be obliged to any one furnishing us the given name of a Miss Robinson, a former Berea College student, now engaged in hospital service with Amb. Co. Base hospital, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

W. F. Brown, formerly of Whites Station, has recently rented the farm formerly belonging to J. K. Baker near the Depot and has moved to the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Durham are the proud parents of an eight pound boy

born this morning. House for rent and some lots for sale.-Dr. S. R. Baker.

LeRoy E. Eastman, a Berea graduate of the class of 1908, has been admitted recently to the law firm Smith, Baker, Effler and Allen, whose office is in rooms 326-332, Smith & Baker Building, Toledo, O. His Berea friends extend congratulations to him.

The Federal Trade Commission has granted to three American firms licenses to manufacture and sell two drugs which heretofore have been controlled by enemy aliens under American patents.

The military-service flag of the Lighthouse Service, Department of can and Scott T. McGuire Commerce, contains 1,206 stars, one States.

Government barges have been death to ever be with the Lord. placed in service on the upper Mississippi, and through Government assistance a new fleet is to be built for this service. Sugar is being moved by barge from Louisiana plantations to New Orleans.

SCAFFOLD CANE RURAL SCHOOL The Farmers' Night School, advertised in last issue on page six, and the program planned, is being carried out this week to the letter. Every night, regardless of the inclement weather, which everybody is getting used to, the house has been filled with intensely interest-Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron ed and enthu iastic farmers, Everywork and repairs of all descriptions body, who has an opportunity, takes at the College Blacksmith Shop, part in the school. It is impossible Main Street, north of The Citizen to compute the good, in dollars and cents, that this night school is doing. It is hoped the plan will be pursued by other communities and get the advantages such a school Mr. David Jackson spent the first gives. An auto left Boone Tavern every night at six o'clock with the ther J. H. Jackson and family at speakers of the hour. It certainly

CHRISTIAN CHURCH NEWS

Notwithstanding the very inclement weather the services at the with the Y.M.C.A. work in the camp at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., has been making a short visit with his family in interesting and helpful to all. One lady placed her membership with the congregation. The regular services, consisting of communion and preaching, were preceded by an enthusiastic Bible school session. Mr. Arnold is our superintendent Mich., was called to Berea last week and Brother Cloyd our assistant, on account of the serious illness of and Oma Robinson our efficient secretary. The attendance at all the services was good. Services every Lord's Day at 11 a. m., preceded by the Bible school at 9:45. All are welcome to our services.

W. J. Hudspeth, Minister.

BESSIE LUTES

On July 11, 1908, Bessie Lutes, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Lutes, came into this world. On December 48, 1917, at about two o'clock a. m. she fell quietly asleep in the arms of death. She lived in the flesh just 9 years, 5 months, and Creek, are the proud parents of a baby boy. Mrs. Branniman will be remembered as Miss Mattie Mc-Christian Church, assisted by Brother Haas, of the Methodist Church.

residence on West Chestnut Street ney in whom Berea has much con- mation to citizens, carefully avoiding mood of the artist," as some critic three years, \$1,236,500,000. In five to attend the services. Every part fidence and looks to him for some duplication. They will accept signed put it. Mr. Perry, with his delight- years the portion of the world's edge of same to W. M. Tawlie, Army of the service was impressive. The good work while he serves the town receipts from the persons visited and ful and brief explanatory talks begold monetary stock held by the good work while he service was impressive. The good work while he serves the town receipts from the persons visited and ful and brief explanatory talks begold monetary stock held by the Cornelius and Jameson, Professors Ed. Fothergill, our popular postal they will comply with the requests est of his audience and gives them proximately one-fifth to more than Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Edward Hill, Rigby and Phalen, sang the beauticlerk, marked for his ability in accomplete the particularly to aid distribution of what the one-third. former Berea College students, now of Chicago, Ill., are the happy parents of Joanne Hill, born to them on January 9, 1918. Their Berea on January 9, 1918. Their Berea The quartette sang "By Cool Siloam's The quartette sang "By Cool Siloam's Deather Hudenoth Manufacture of the exterior Shady Rills." Brother Hudspeth Marshall, succeeding himself. read some quite appropriate selections found in II Samuel, 12:15-23, elected Berea should congratulate an aide to the Committee on Public the imaginary. One is also greatly Greendale, was a Berea visitor the and in II Kings, 4:18-37, from which herself for having such a representinformation to serve as despatch impressed by Mr Perry's own he made a very impressive talk, tative body to take care of her mu- bearer for the Government during gentleness of manner and quiet digclosing with a brief comment on nicipal affairs. It is the duty of the period covered by his regis- nity besides recognizing his susome of the noble traits of charac- every true Berean to look to this tration, under the direction of the perior musical intelligence and ter of little Bessie.

She was an industrious and obedi- good and prosperous civic year. ent child with studious habits, besides a mother to her two younger brothers, Henry Mason and W. T. Jr. She was always ready to help Henry in his studies, and quite often rocked her little brother, W. T. Jr., to school after this week. More ought returnable to the Committee on American Poet among planists." hands would put him to bed.

The talk made by Brother Huds- ous five. peth was all the more impressive because he had laid away to rest Miss Dean last week and Mrs. Ida Public Information has published social bearing.—Atlantic City (N. J.) the remains of four infant children Abney supplies this week. and one grown daughter. When the remains of little Bessie were lying this week threatened with pneuin the open casket, one could but monia. be impressed with solemn reflections as in her arms was fondly em-

braced one of the little dolls. Her lifeless form was all but tiful boquet of carnations presented adequate for our own needs. by one of her classmates, by whom

she was much loved. The services at the residence were and held a brief called session. concluded by a precious and touching prayer by Brother English, fol- week! The main regret is that so lowed by the singing by the quare few will appear on it. We hope for tette of the song, "Safe in the Arms a better showing next month.

of Jesus." The Pall Bearers were Waldo Wiley, W. H. Duncan, Robert Dun-

At the cemetery Brother Hudsfor each officer and employee of the peth pronounced the last benedic- service in gardening, canning, poul-Lighthouse Service now serving in tion, committing all that's earthly try raising, and other emergeny enthe military forces of the United of little Bessie to the Grave to await terprises have more than 800,000 Clark, of Ware, Mass. the Trumpet Call of our Lord when members. we shall arise from the sleep of

> Value of Happiness. Make persons happy and there will The lamb crop for the entire West eral States to increase the use of not be half the quarreling or a tenth part of the wickedness there is.

MRS. ELLEN G. PASCO

known to many at Berea, bid adieu to the cares of earth at Atlanta, Ga., on the 29th of December. Had she lowing letter to to Mr. Colin H. Livremained until the 14th of this ingstone, President, National Counmonth she would have been sixty- cil, Boy Scouts of America: five years of age. She was with her My dear Mr. Livingstone: in Dakota, Georgia, and Connecticut. and faithfully discharged.

The family were long residents of Berea, where Mr. Pasco for a more death."

CITY COUNCIL ORGANIZED

meeting night, the 8th, met for or- mental issues of the war. ganization, election and installation It is the desire of the Adminisof officers



W. B. WALDEN City Attorney

A large audience of weeping and Engle. Mr. Walden is one of our as may be issued from time to time the soul and the audience catches increase in the past ten months has sympathizing friends gathered at the good citizens and practicing attor- by the Committee on Public Infor- the inspiration and the earnest been \$174,500,000, and in the past

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTES E. F. Dizney, Principal

than was accomplished in the previ-

Miss Dean is in Robinson Hospital

Naoma Robinson supplied for Miss Smith most the day Monday.

School Lunch has grown in popularity since the extreme cold weathcovered with beautiful flowers, er set in. Applications come from some of which were presented by outsiders for school lunches. Our her loving schoolmates, with a beau-limited accommodations are hardly

The Board of trustees came in a body to visit the school last week,

Look out for the Honor Roll next

The Parent-Teachers' Association meets Friday evening at 3 o'clock.

Boys' and girls' clubs in northern and western states pledged for war

The winter of 1916-17 was the most disastrous the range stockmen of the West have ever known. was 15 to 20 per cent below the wood for fuel in place of coal. In average, and the calf crop was con- Virginia convict tabor is employed siderably below normal.

BOY SCOUTS TO BE OFFICIAL Mrs. Ellen Guthrie Pasco, well MESSENGERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION

President Wilson has sent the fol-

son-in-law and daughter, Dr. and "I desire to entrust the Boy Scouts Mrs. Charles W. Gould, her home of America with a new and imporduring most of her several years of tant commission, to make them the widowhood. The funeral and in- Government despatch bearers in terment took place on January 1, carrying to the homes of their comat Newark, O., here the remains munity the phamplets on the war, of Her husband, the Rev. Martin K. prepared by the Committee on Pub-Pasco, rest. All the living children lie Information. The excellent ser-- Theodore G., Mrs. Mary Pasco vices preformed by the Boy Scouts Gould, John G., and Martin K., Jr .- in the past encourages me to believe were gathered there for the last sad that this new task will be cherrfully rites, from their far separated homes that this new task will be cheerfully

"Yours Scincerely,

"Woodrow Wilson." time was acting Pastor of the Union | The Boy Scouts of America, num-Church; and a part of the children bering nearly 300,000, have respongraduated from Berea College. Mrs. ded to the request of the President Pasco was a woman of rare intellect with hearty unanimity and will unand accomplishments, fitted to adorn dertake, as their despatch-bearing any society. To this she added a service, a distribution of copies of benevolent and lovable spirit, ever the President's Flag Day address, reaching out for opportunity to do published by the Committee on Pubgood. For such "there shall be no lic Information in phamplet form on September 15, 1917, and regarded as the most comprehensive statement that has every been issued by the The town board on its regular Government in regard to the funda-

W. B. Walden, whose likeness we careful study by the people of the take pleasure in presenting to our country and the Boy Scouts acting as despatch bearers directly under command of the President, will place the document in the hands of Tve million citizens of every city, town and hamlet of the country, with specific instructions that its given the golden opportunity of acres; one-half mile West of city and that the reader then make it the foremost American pianist, last Ad.-29. that at least one other citizen of the by him at St. Nicholas Hall under BOILLER AND ENGINE FOR SALE Bons of thoughtful citizens will by appreciative audience, Mr. Perry 20 H. P. portable boiler on skids, in have had this important message gave a carefully selected and ex- splendid condition. No patches or impressed upon their minds or will quisitely rendered program of blisters. Also one 20 H. P. Center have been refreshed in memory as Listz, Beethoven and Chopin, be- Crank engine with two drive wheels. to the principles of the war as ex- sides one or two of his own compo- We have been using this machinery pressed by the President on Sep- sitions, which for purity of feeting up to date and it is in good con-

name, troop number, city and State, whether expressions of the exterior. With the board and these officers and declaring his appointment as the emotional, the intellectual or body of capable gentlemen for a National Council, Boy Scouts of warm poetic temperament. America. President Wilson's letter speak of his blindness were to libel requesting the service is reproduc- a man who sees and feels and lives once. ed in facsimile on the reverse side through the medium of his own inof the identification card.

Each Scout despatch bearer will Four more months of public have access to franked postal cards, abroad were wont to call him "the during the war.

GEORGE WOOLER CLARK DEAD The sad news of the death of

George Wooler Clark came as a news item is erroneous published MAIN ST. shock to his many friends here. The in our issue of January 10, 1918, death angel called him from his new for which we are sorry: "Wm. Alhome at 217 Hartford Ave., S. E. umbaugh, who was recently found Canton, O., where he resided since in his barn unconscious, and almost paralyzed, is able to be out vanced in price. Wanted, 20 Care 20th., after an illness of six weeks. again. His friends are grateful for or More! The funeral services were held in his recovery." the home yesterday at 2:00 p.m. by the Rev. E. P. Herbruck and burial took place in Westlawn Cemetery. Mr. Clark was a native of Meriden. he married Miss Ruth Jacob, and a little later made their home in Mrs. Clark's former home city. He leaves his widow and brother Charles F.

His many Berea friends extend to the bereaved widow their heartfelt sympathy in this sad hour.

Vigorous campaigns are on in sevto provide wood for fuel.

Are You Thinking of Marriage?



TART your wedded life right. The young man who is contemplating matrimony should bank his money. After he has furnished his home he should have something laid aside for possible adversity. Wedded life means added responsibility for him: The prospective bridegroom should open a bank account today. It means happiness in the future. We'll gladly explain our banking system.

Berea National Bank

Ad.-30.

tration, that this pamphlet have LECTURE-RECITAL GREAT SUC-

Sir Edward Baxter Perry Plays Before Large and Appreciative Audience

Atlantic City music lovers were Five room house and thirteen contents be carefully considered hearing Sir Edward Baxter Perry, limits. his personal responsibility to see evening at a lecture-recital given community also reads the copy. By the auspices of the Daughters of hese means a minimum of ten mil- Isabella. Before a large and greatand breadth of conception, well be- dition. STEPHENS & MUNCY, The pamphlet will be sent through long among the work of the old Ad. the mails to the individual scouts masters. He has the rare git: of and in each package there will be playing the most difficult composia manual for the guidance of these tions with simplicity and delicacy, The gold monetary stock (coin young Government messengers. Act- which brings them well within the and bullion used as money) in the ing under the local instructions of understanding of many, so that for United States on November 1, 1917, and Brother English, of the Baptist readers, was elected City Attorney, the Scoutmasters the despatch bear- the first time "the barriers go down is estimated in Secretary McAdoo's succeeding his father-in-law, R. J. ers will deliver such printed matter between mere physical sound and annual report at \$3.041,500,000. The also their personal assurances that fere each selection, holds the inter- United States has increased from ap-

and he awakes in his listeners An embargo has been placed on To tellect and by the beauty of his ad.-34. soul. He is, in short, as the people

sleep at night and with motherly to be accomplished in these four Public Information, by means of The recital from a financial standwhich any citizen may order mail- point was successful, and the numed to him any of the various war ber of prominent people composing Miss Virgie Wynn supplied for pamphlets which the Committee on the audience gave it a distinctly Gazette-Review, January, 16. ad.-30

A CORRECTION We are advised that the following

conn. He received the college de-gree of B.L. in 1911 from Berea Col-lege and became teacher of Printing in his Alma Mater in which capacity he labored till August of 1917 when nated to the Red Cross. This action liver, I will call for your good was taken by a vote of the employes. Phones 363 & 207

WANTED 200 barrels of corn; highest mars

ket price paid. S. L. Baird, College Farm,

Berea, Ky.

FOR SALE

W. H. Bower, Berea, Ky.

Having installed electric power in our plant, we have for sale one

Berea, Ky

Each Boy Scout is provided with thereby, a broader appreciation of the exportation of butter, except to nations associated with the United States in war.

FARM FOR SALE

55 acres of limestone land, well fenced, watered by springs and ponds. Six room house, barn, cribs, and outbuildings. Ideal location two miles west of Berea. Easy terms if sold at

> W. H. JAMES, Berea, Ky.

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

First Class Repairing AND

Fine Line of Jewelry

BEREA, KY.

M. WIDES

again. His friends are grateful for his recovery." THE CITIZEN.

The annual banquet, which for eleven years has been given to 2,500 employes of a North Carolina indus—

Table 1 more 1

Scrap Iron, Heavy Copper, Light Copper, Heavy Red Brass, Heavy Yellow Brass, Light Brass Zinc, Lead Beef Hides, Horse Hides, Pony and Colt Hides, No. 1 Sheep Skins, Rage No. 1 Rubber, No. 2 Rubber, Auto Casings.

Casings.

FOWLS WANTED!

Chicken Day to Farmers

Will pay 21/2c under Cincinnati top quotations on all fowls brought

On Monday Only of Each Week J. S. GOTT

Berea Kentucky

\$100 in Education Equals \$1,000 in Land.

The Citizen

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)
WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief
C. H. WERTENBERGER, Managing Edito Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

erms given to any who obtain new sub-for us. Any one sending us four yearly ms can receive The Citizen free for ne year. Advertising rates on application.

Berea College HONOR ROLL

Berea College is proud of the recanswered the call of our Country Battle Creek, Mich. always follow up their career with some are probably not on this list. D. B., Camp Taylor, Ky. If any one knows of a Berea man Fielder, William, 3rd Co. 1st Bat. 159 in the Army whose name is not in D. B., Camp Taylor, Ky. dress to the President's Office, Berea College, Berea, Ky.

Good fortune go with all.

lams, Lieut. Tounsen, 149th Inf. Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Adams, Lieut. Wiley, 149th Reg. Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Aler, Antonio, 159th U. S. Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Alford, Green B., U. S. A. N. S., Pensacola, Fla. Amburgy, Denver, Co. M., 149th Inf.,

Hattiesburg, Miss. Bailey, Frank, Red Cross Military Hospital, Somewhere in France. Baily, Green, Radio Co., U. S. Navy,

Cambridge, Mass. Batson, Lieut. C. C., 149th Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Bicknell, Corp. J. Paul, Hdq. Co., 149th Inf. Band, Hattiesburg, Miss. Billry, Cheerful, H. Co. Naval Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Birchfield, William, Co. F., 26th Eng., Dix Branch, N. J.

Bowling, Grover, Camp Shelby, Miss. Branson, Jerry, Co. 81, Reg. 8, G. L. N. T. S., Great Lakes, Ill. Boyer, Clarence, U. S. S. Florida,

Postmaster, New York City. Brock, John H., 2nd Tr. Brgd. Line 34, Kelly Field, So. San Antonio,

Brown, Corbett, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Browning, Benjamin F., Somewhere in France.

Brashear, Dishman, U.S. S. Bridge, care Postmaster, New York City.

Campbell, William, Chief Bugler, Hart, Lieut. Joseph, Camp Taylor, Parker, Robert, Co L, 120th Inf., come. Help us make our Roll a com-149 Inf. Band, Hattiesburg, Miss. Carpenter, Sgt. Rollins, Troop B, Mil.

Police, Camp Funsten, Kans. Caudill, Sgt. James B., Co. D, 316th Engineers, Camp Lewis, Wash. Cecil, Capt. J. J., Troop B, 13th Cav.,

Sanfordyce, Texas.

Chapman, Floyd, M. G. Co., 149th Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Chapman, Henry Clay, 149 M. G. Co., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Chasteen, Ernest, 159th U.S. Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Chasteen, Jesse, 159th U. S. Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Newport, R. I. Childs, "Manly," U. S. S. Nebraska, care Postmaster, New York City. Clark, Claude, Co. M. 321st Inf., Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

Childs, Herman, N. Y. S. 1-8 Co.,

Clark, Walter, 34 Inf. Med. Dept., Fort Bliss, Texas. Collins, Charles, Med. Officer's Y. M.

C. A., Fort Oglethrope, Ga. Collins, Robert E., N. R. Sta., Co. 8 Norfolk, Va.

Collins, Samuel F., M. O. T. C., Post Ex., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga. Combs, Lieut. Sewell, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Cook, Tom, 108 Field Amb., British Exp. Forces, France. Cornett, Joda, ist Co. 113th M. P. Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Cox, Sgt. Edward O., Co. K, 148th Inf. Camp Sheridan, Ala. Coyle, True, Syracuse, N. Y.

ville, Ky. Crain, L. G., 18th Co. 5th Tr. Bn.,

Camp Taylor, Ky. Cress, Rollie, Co. K. 148th Inf., Camp

Sheridan, Ala. Creech. Roy, 53rd Co., Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Va. Curry, Everett, 5th Co. Del. C. A. C.

A. E. F. France, via New York. Daniels, Capt. Irving, Co. C, 509th Eng., Camp Trevis, Texas. Day, Kelley, Naval Training Station,

Great Lakes, Ill. Dean, Lieut. William. 336 Inf., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Bovie, Ft. Worth, Texas. Texas.

Diamond, Aubrey F. Cadet, 27th U.S. Aero Squad, Camp Hicks, Texas. Dixon, Chester, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Dizney, Wm., Bat. D., 19 F. A., Camp Stanley, Leon Springs, Texas. Station, 1st 9th Co., Newport, R. L. Dooley, John F., Co. D, 336 Inf., Camp

Taylor, Ky.
Douglas, Veo M., Ambulance Co. No. 2, Fort Logan, Houston, Texas. Early, Clinton, 149th Inf. Band., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Edwards, John Paul, Band Master, Edwards, T. A., Jr., Co. M., 56th Military Branch, Chattanooga, Tenn. Edwards, Robert, Officers' Training Camp, Leon Springs, Texas.

Engle, Stanley, Officers' Training Camp, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Fulks, Elliott L., Hdqr.-Co. 149th Inf., Håttiesburg, Miss. Ernberg, Otto, 149th Inf. Band, Hat-

tiesburg, Miss. ord of its soldier boys. They have Fenwick, Leonard L., Camp Custer, with the spirit of men. We shall Felton, Corp. Flavel L., Co. "A" 55

Inf., Chickamauga Park, Ga. the deepest interest. The names of Fielder, Leonard, 3rd Co. 1st Bat. 159

this list send in the name and ad- Hannery, Elmo, 98 Aero S. Squad., A. E. F., Via. New York P. M. Flint, Sgt. Sherman, Fort Rodman, New Bedford, Mass.

Franklin, Harlin, Co. 3, C. A. C., Fort Delaware, Del. Foster, Samuel, Ambulance Corps, 16 M. C. T. C., Fort Riley, Kans. French, Marvin, (Navy), 1642, 18th

St., Brooklyn, N. Y. French, Otis, U. S. Naval Training Station, Berkeley, Va. French, Ottis J., care Naval Y. M. C.

A., 167 Sands St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Frost, Lieut. Cleveland, 541 F. A., Camp Funsten, Kansas. Gabbard, Serg. E. Blaine, Ambulance

tionary Forces. Camp Taylor, Ky.

Gay, Colson, France, via New York, Harrison, Ind.

Camp, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Griffin, Lieut. Arleigh C., Fort Andrews, Mass.

Griffith, Fleming, Some where in France Gross, Frank, Go. M. 4th Inf., Gettysburg, Pa.

Gress, Orville, Recruit C. A. C., Fort Mott, Salem, N. J. Hackett, H. W., 3rd Plat., 13 R. Co.

S. 347, Ft. Thomas, Ky. Hall, Lieut. John, M. G. Co. 53, Military Branch, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Miss. 7 Roland Park, Baltimore,

Louisville, Ky. Harrel, Gordon, 10th Inf. Med. Dpt., Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. Harrison, Creed, Co. 78, Main Bar- Patin, Ralph, Y. M. C. A., Des Moines, racks, Paris Island, Port Royal, S.C. Hammond, Sergt. Benjamin, 333rd Pearson, Leland E., 32nd C. 154 De-Inf., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Hays, Sgt. Earl T., 18th Co. 5th Tr. Bn., Camp Taylor, Ky.

Band, Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Hembree, George, Officers' Training Camp, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Heckman, Walter W., Asst. Band Master, 149th Inf. Band, Hdqr. Co., Hattiesburg, Miss. Hill, Ernest B., Block H. 15, Camp

Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla. Hilliard, D. Moss, San Pedro de Macoris, D. R. Hilliard, Dudley, San Pedro de

Macoris, D. R. Hook, John T., Caisson Co. 2, 112ht Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.

Hoffman, Frank, U. S. Aviation Corps, Columbus, O. Hogg, Harvey, Co. D. 2nd Ky. Inf.,

Corps, Columbus, O.

Hattiesburg, Miss. Howard, Richard, U. S. S. Pennsylvania, Postmaster, New York City. Howard, George, U. S. S. Pennsylvania, Postmaster, New York City.

Howard, John, Forward, Birchfield, Crance, Loney, Camp Taylor, Louis- Howell, Marcus, U. S. S. George Washington, Brooklyn, N. Y. Hylton, Charles, U. S. S. George Washington, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hudspath, Lieut. Ralph W., 333rd Rogers, John L., "Over There." Reg. Supply Co., Camp Taylor, Ritter, Henry A., 104th Co. 159th Louisville, Ky. Hubbard, Lloyd, Camp Sheridan,

Montgomery, Ala. Hunter, Harry S., Bat. A. 119 U. S. F. A., Camp McArthur, Waco, Texas. Hunter, Hinton H., 108 Co., 8th Reg., U. S. Marine, Galveston, Texas.

London, England.

England.

Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Johnson, Stanley, Co. No. 45, Paris Island, Port Royal, S. C. Jones, Elam, 214 Aero Squad., Parkfield, Tenn.

Jones, Simon, Co. B, 46th Int., Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. Douson, C. P., U. S. Naval Training Jenkuis, Charles N., Supply Co. 35 322 Field Artillery, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe. O.

Kincaid, Bradley, Co. E, 334th Inf., Camp Taylor, Ky. Lewis, Hugh, Camp Sheridan, Mont-

gomery, Ala. Lockin, Earl W., Reg. A. Recruit Detach. Co. 6, Camp Taylor, Ky. 149th Inf. Band, Hattiesburg, Miss. Lynch, Sergt. Dora, 52nd Inf. Military Branch, Chattanooga, Tenn. Martin, Sergeant Robert, Med. Dept. 14th F. A., Fort Sill, Okla.

Martin, Carlyle, Fort Lee, Peters burg, Va. May, Bruce, Q. M. Corps, Co. 1, Madison Barracks, N. Y.

May, G. H., Q. M. Div. 87th Aero Squadron, Mt. Clemens, Mich. Marlow, George, Co. 2, Squad. 335, Aviation, Ft. Thomas, Ky. McCann, John W., Co. B. 309th En-

McComas, Battle Creek Ambulance Co., Allentown, Pa. McGuffy, William, U. S.-S. Pennsylvania, Postmaster, New York.

gineers, Camp Taylor, Ky.

McGuire, Ben, France, E. F. Co. M, 9th Inf., Via. N. Y. McKay, Lieut. Walter H., Medical

Forces. McMullin, Samuel, 159th Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss. Menzie, Leonard W., Overseas Battalion, Marine Barracks, Paris Is-

land, S. C. Miller, Robert E., Block H. 15, Camp Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla. Morgan, Reuben, Camp Taylor,

Louisville, Ky. Morgan, Rufus, Med. Dept., Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Moore, Edwin, Hdgr. Co. 336 Inf., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Corps No. 12, American Expedi- Moore, Harold, Aviation Corps, Columbus, O. Gabbard, John B., 336th Inf., C. E., Moore, George, Aviation Corps ? ?? Murrell, Jesse L., Bar. 830 N. C. 8,

Camp Decatur, Ill. Gillen, Roy, Co. L, 10th Inf., Ft. Benj. Neal, Sidney, Battery A. 12 F. A. Ft. Meyer, Va. Godbey, Chauncey, Officers' Training Nickell, Clarence, Hdqr. Co. 149th Wells, E. J., U. S. S. Minneapolis, Inf., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg,

Miss. Nickell, Ira, Lieut., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Osborn, J. O., Co. D, 6th Eng., A. E.F., P. M., New York City. Parker, Clarence, Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.

Phelps, Glenn, Ambulance Corps 21, Fort Clark, Texas. Picklesimer, Parnell, Y. M. C. A.,

Fort Orglethorpe, Ga. Porter, Donald, Musician, 149th Inf. Young, C. Harvey, Fruitland, New Gibson, J. D. Hrs., 2 acres land 2.34 Walker, Ben, 1 town lot...... 3.69 Haley, Corp. Earl D., Ord. Depot, 38th Band, Hdgr. Co., Hattiesburg, Miss. Div., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Powell, Stanley, 48 Co., 12 Bu. 150 Parker, Thomas L., Battery D. Reg. Calhoun, Quincey, Ft. Lee, Peters- Halzak, George, U. S. Gen. Hosp. No. 324, F. A. H., Camp Sherman, Chillicothe (

Service Branch, Greenville, S. C. Parson, Chester, Marine Bar. Co. 71, Paris Island, S. C.

Iowa. pot B., Camp Meade, Md.

Perry, Penn, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Hays, Herbert, Musician, 149th Inf. Perkins, U. S. S. Jenkins, Postmaster, New York City.

D. B. Camp Taylor, Ky. Puckett, John Allen, Co. G, 149th Inf., Camp Shelby, Miss. Raine, James Watt, Army Y. M. C. A Chattanooga, Tenn.

Reams, Robert, Inf. Co. D. Med. Tr. Camp, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Redden, Sergt. E. A., Ft. Omaha, Omaha, Neb.

Reid, Harry B., Aviation Squadron, San Antonio, Texas. Richardson, William K., Med. Dept.

Ft. Sill, Okla. Ammunition Train, 37th Div., Rice, Augustus, Battle Creek Ambulance Corps, Allentown, Pa. Hoffman, Clarence, U. S. Aviation Ritter, Corp. Henry A., 309 Fld. Sig Bgd. Co. C, Camp Taylor, Ky.

Reynolds, Taylor, Battle Creek Ambulance Corps, Allentown, Pa. Roark, Edward, 37th Inf. Med. Dept. Ft. San Houston, Texas. Robertson, Jackson, Co. C, 23rd U. S.

Eng., Camp Meade, Md. Robie, Carroll, Hdqr. Co. 149th Reg. Band, Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Robinson, Charles, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

Robinson, Fred, Hillsboro, O., R. R. 2. Forward. Robinson, James S., 61st Inf., Co. K, Charlotte, N. C.

Depot Brig. 62nd Bn., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Rust, S. R., 305th M. G. Bat., Co. C,

Camp Upton, N. Y. Royse, Felix, Hdqr. Co. 336th Inf. Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky. Sapp, Claud, U. S. Naval Tr. Camp, Portland, N. H. Imrie, Lieut. N. A., 36 Coleman St., Sandlin, Floyd, U. S.

Postmaster, New York City.

Degman, C. G., Amb. Co. 144, Camp Imrie, Jack, 36 Coleman St., London Sharpe, Dewey F., 22nd U. S. Aero Squadron, Fort Worth, Texas. Demmon, Willard, Fort Stewart, Isaacs, Lieut. M. J., 326 F. A., Camp Settle, Mark, First Machine Co., Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind. Simpson, Green, Dewitt, Ky. For-

ward. Shorte, Serg. Braxton C., Co K, 148th Inf., Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.

Short, Sgt. Cyrus P., R. O. T. C., Chattanooga, Tenn. Shorte, Serg. D. C., Co K, 148th Inf.,

Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala. Slemp, Lieut. Alfred C., Bat. B. F. A., Camp Stanley, Leon Springs, Tex. Simpson, Green, Corpus Christe, Tex., Co. F, 5th U. S. Eng.

Smith, Frederic L., 324 Field Hospital, Barracks A. 3, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C. Smith, J. W., Co. 310, U. S. Amb.

Corps, Camp Dix, Trenton, N. J. Smith, John, Amb. Corp Co., 310 Camp Dix. Trenton, N. J. St. Clair, Ray D., Army Y. M. C. A.,

Chattanooga, Tenn. Street, Arvel, Med. Dept. 80th T. A. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Killin, E. L., Co. C., 147 Inf., Montgomery. Ala. Kincaid, Bradley, 37th, 10 Tr., Bn., 15a, D. B., Camp Taylor, Ky. Lewis, Noah, Co. L., 10th U. S. Inf.,

Fort Benj. Harrison, Ind. Spence, Sgt. E. L., Co. I, 18th Inf. A. E. F., via. N. Y. P. O. Spence, Sgt. W. F., 4th C., 1st T. Bn., Camp Taylor, Ky.

Spink, Corp. Paul, 1st Co. Military Police, Camp Legan, Houston, Tex. Azbill, Amblin, 1 town lot......11.22 Cornelison, Chas., 12 acres land 5.97 Corps, American Expeditionary Stilwell, Lieut. Abner J., Co. G. 342nd Inf., Camp Grant, Ill. St. Clair, Ray D., 55 Inf. Military

Branch, Y. M. C. A. No 29, Chattanooga, Tenn. Stout, Charles E., Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

Slagle, Dean, Electric. Div. Detachment Enlisted Specialists, Fort Monroe, Va. Tate, J. Harl, Camp Sevier, Army

Y. M. C. A. Sevier Branch, Greenville, S. C. Taulbee, Selden, Eng. Corps, El Paso,

Templeton, R. R., Y. M. C. A., Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Travis, Vaud A., Ft. Riley, Kans., care of M. O. T. C.

ville, Ky. New York.

Wiley, Robert, U. S. S. Hartford, Draughton, F. L., 1 town lot.... 9.07 Shearer, Beard, 1 acre land.... 5.30 Postmaster, New York City. Wiley, Lewis A., U. S. S. Hartford, Dougherty, Nancy Hrs., 46 Simpson, Hrs., 3 acres land ... 3.02 Postmaster, New York City.

Paris Island, S. C. Wiseman, Earl, "Somewhere France. Wolfe, L. D., 313 Aux. Reg. Sta. Vet.

Corps, Camp Shelby, Miss. Mexico, Forward. Any information, such as more complete address or additional Hawkins, John W., Nr., 18 acres

names for our honor roll are wetplete roster of Berea men in the service, one of value as well as one of which we are proud. IN OUR OWN STATE

clerks were bruised considerably Johnson, Schuyler C., 16 acres in the mix-up; but no passengers injured. Traffic will be delayed to- Johnson, W. S., 1 town lot......11.99 day on account of the wreck.

HOLLAND IN STRONG PROTEST

Netherland War Minister Assalls United States Over Alleged Detention of War Munitions

Amsterdam, Jan. 21.—Commenting Lain, Mary F., 6 acres land.... 3.71 on a statement made by the war minister to the Netherlands parliament concerning the alleged detention in America of 1,000 machine guns and 100,000,-000 cartridges, which had been bought and paid for by the Dutch government, The Hague Nieuwe Courant protests indignantly against such treatment of a friendly nation.

The newspaper declares that the holding up of the arms and ammunition is profoundly humiliating and amounts to a cool denial of Holland's good faith, and asks whether it is in America's interest to deprive a neutral state of the means to defend its neu-

New Vegetable Wax From Ecuador. From prehistoric times the Indians of Ecuador have utilized a wax found on certain species of tall palms for making candles, says the Scientific American. This wax occurs on the tree trunks in granular form, each tree furnishing about fifty pounds. The trees grow in great numbers on the mountains along the coast. Samples of this wax were sent to France and Germany, from which countries favorable reports and an offer of 19.5 cents a pound were received.

No Right to Crow.

Bettie, who was spending a few weeks in the country, heard a rooster crowing one morning, and stamped her foot angrily, exclaiming: "Oh, you shut up; you don't lay any eggs!"

SMART PEOPLE BUY DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

OWEN McKEE

THERE IS A REASON

RICHMOND

and save costs.

KENTUCKY

SHERIFF'S LAND SALE FOR TAXES | Sears, Lewis, Nr., 70 acres land 19.28

Monday, February 4, 1918 At the front door of the Madison County Court House, between the hours of one and three p. m.

V. B. BENTON, Sheriff Madison County, Kentucky

WHITE LIST Glade, No. 6

Adams, Lucy Carter, 1 town lot \$ 3.93 Ballard, Fred, 1 acre land \$ 3.95 Abrams, William, 1 acre land.. 3.56 Bronaugh, David, 7 acres land...5.30 Alexander, Mary, 3 acres land., 2.31 Bronaugh, Nancy J., 10 acres Alexander, Jas. W., 15 acs land 3.28 Asherry, J. H., 50 acres land... 6.64 Burnam, Julia, 2 acres land.... 5.03 Ambrose, F. Nr. 1 town lot.. .. 3.35 Burnam, Chas. Sr., 1 acre land.. 3.95

Ambrose, John W. Nr. 4 town Ambrose, William J. Nr. 1 acre

Baker, Mrs. Lucinda, Nr. 20 - Crigler, Millie, 2 acres land.... 3.02 Baker, James R., 1 town lot.... 6.71 Elmore, Irvine Hrs., 37 acres Baker, W. T., 1 acre land..... 8.62 Barton, William E., Nr., 20

Carter, Mrs. Sallie, 120 acres

Collins. Anderson, 17 acres of Coyle, Mary E. Jr., Nr., 1 town

Fothergill, Edward, Nr., 1 town

land . Hollinsworth. Granville, Nr., 1 town lot 2.17. Honkins, John, 1 acre land.... 4.05 Hudson, E. W., Nr., 30 acres land13.11

Jackson, J. R., 1 town lot..... 3.78

land 3.95 Johnson, Sam J., 5 acres land. . 3.95 Jones, Mrs. Laura, 1 town lot., 9.80 Jones, Humphrey, 100 acres land 6.51 Kelly, Sam. 15 acres land..... 3.28 Knuckles, W. M., Nr., 1 town lot 3.10 1917. Lakes, J. W., 42 acres land.... 5.97 Lakes, T. J., 1 acre land.......10.40 Lamb, Sylvester, 43 acres land 6.6; berger, Berea, Ky.

Lengfellner, Henry, 70 acres land and 1 town lot 41.47 Logsden, A. B., Nr., 1 town lot.. 2.75 Lowen Hrs., 1 town lot..... 5.10 Lowen, Wm., Nr., 6 acres land. . 2.34 Malicote, Brack, Nr., 5 acres

McClure, Levi N., 1 town lot.... 8.41 McQueen, Thomas, 2 acres land 3.95 Norville, Chas. D., 20 acres land 4.63 Parks, Chester, 1 town lot.....20.42 C. H. Wertenberger, Berea, Ky. Parker, Isaac, 40 acres land.... 6.63 40 per cent. Parsons, Mandy, 1 town lot.... 6.85 H. E. Taylor, Berea, Ky., 30 Preston, B. A. 1 town lot..... 4.96 cent. Powell, W. M., 4 acres land.... 3.95 Known bondholders, mortagees, Rader, Oscar, Nr., 1 town lot.. 7.45 Ramsey, M. B. & Co., 80 acres land12.02

Ritter, Thos. V., 6 acres land Roberts, Susan J. Hrs., 10 acres

Roberts, Mrs. Sherman, 1 acre land 3.02 only.) Robinson, W. G., 1 town lot.... 4.37 Robinson, H. V., Nr., 24 acres land 4.36

Samuels, Samira, 150 acres land 81.63

Settle Sherman, 15 acres land 17.93 Stewart, Hensley, 30 acres land 3.69 Stevens, Pattie, 50 acres land.. 6.38 Smith, D. C., Nr., 45 acres land 3.69 Short, Annie E. & Co., 1 town

lot12.72 Short, Annie E., 2 town lots....10.37 See W. A. Johnson Before the sale Taylor, Enoch, 70 acres land. . 7.32 Van Winkle, Joe, 4 acres land.. 5.30 Wilson, Mrs. Bettie, 1 town lot.12.72 COLORED LIST

Glade No. 6

land 6.29 Burnam, Chas. Jr., 6 acres land 7.12 lots...... 5.54 Blythe, Fannie Hrs., 1 acre land 3.02 Campbell, Fannie E., 1 town lot 3.11 land 7.05 Crigler, Dave, 1 acre land 6.00 acres land..... 2.08 Easley, Thos., 9 acres land.... 6.64

land 3.69 Baker, Mitty, 20 acres land.... 2.08 Elmore, John Jr., 1 acre land.. 3.57 Bohon, Mrs. Lou, 1 acre land.. 4.51 Francis, Sam, 1 acre land.... 2.34 Brown, D. W., 1 acre land.... 12.00 Fife, Alex, 2 acres land...... 5.30 Brown, George, Nr. 3 acres Ind 8.53 Fife, Jonas, 3 acres land...... 3.95 Byrd, Andv. 15 acres land.....5.03 Hocker, John, 4 acres land.... 3.15 Hocker, Chas., 4 acres land.... 9.33 acres land..... 2.54 Higgins, W. A., 3 acres land.... 4.53 Cain, Mrs. Jim, 3 acres land.... 3.69 Kennedy, Ashford, 1 acre land.. 4.63 Carpenter, James, 20 acres land 3.95 Maupin, Robt. Hrs., 14 acres land 3.69 Carpenter, John, 50 acres land.. 7.32 Martin, Sarah, 2 acres land.... 3.01 Martin, Ben, Nr. 2 acres land.... 3.69 land 11.08 Miller Isaac, 1 acre lan1..... 4.23 Chasteen, John H., 1 acre land.. 4.77 Miller, Smith, 5 acres land.... 5.13 Mitchell, Mary, 1 acre land.... 2.38 land 4.63 Moran, Alice, 1 town lot..... 9.70 Trosper, Raleigh, 108 Co. 27 P. T. Cornett. A. B., 1 acre land.....24.63 Martin, Bessie, 2 acres land.... 2.34 Bn. 5th Reg., Camp Taylor, Louis- Coyle, Thomas J., 44 acres land 13.37 Pevton. Frank, 1 acre land. . . . 3.69 Polard. John, 5 acres land..... 5.30 lot 5.68 Rice, Irvine, 6 acres land..... 6.65 Cruse, M. G., 1 town lot...... 7.30 Rice, Mary J. Hrs., 7 acres land 3.69 Wheeler, Val, Camp Beauregard, La. Devall, L. F., Nr., 1 town lot.... 6.85 Shearer, Mrs. Wm., 1 acre land 5.05 Dalton, Thomas, 22 acres land, 9.33 Shearer, Sam, 2 acres land.... 5.87 acres land 6.38 Titus, Myrtle, 1 town lot..... 4.77 Wilson, J. Oscar, Marine Bar. Co. 72, Evans, Natham, 3 acres land... 4.77 Tribble, Trov. 4 acres land... 5.30 Embree, Hattie F., 1 town lot. 10.37 Vaughn, Eliza, 1 acre land.... 5.03 in Farley, Susan, 50 acres land.. 6.38 Walker, Martha, 1 acre land.... 2.34 Walker, Steve, 7 acres land.... 4.05 Gabbard, William, 10 acres land 3.28 Walker, John, 1 town lot..... 9.07 Godbev, L. J., 2 town lots...... 19.36 Wilmore. Geo., 3 acres land.... 4.59 Hall, Mrs. J. W., 1 town lot....12.72 White, Geo. Sr., 12 acres land., 9.07 Halcomb, Mrs. Lena. 1 town lot 5.59 White, Samira, 8 acres land.... 2.31 Walker, Robert, 39 acres land. .43.46

WORLD NEWS ercise of the rights of a nation getting on good terms with another. The United States is constantly searching to learn the true situation in Mexico and is about to send

MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF AUGUST 24, 1912.

a new commission to that country.

Of The Citizen, published weekly, Kelly, William M., 15 acres land 3.28 at Berea, Kentucky, for October 1,

Editor, Wm. G. Frost, Berea, Ky.

Managing Editor, C. H. Werten-

Business Manager, C. H. Wertenberger, Berea, Kv.

Publisher, C. H. Wertenberger, Berea, Ky. Owners: (If a corporation, give its names and addresses of stockholders holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not a cor-Moore, Lillie, 1 town lot..... 8.03 poration, give names and addresses

Berea Publishing Company. Wm. G. Frost, Berea, Ky., 30 per

Powell, Deaton, 1 acre land.... 2.88 and other security holders, holding Pullins, Dave, 1 town lot.....12.00 1 per cent or more of total amount Purkey, G. C., Nr., 2 acres land 7.72 of bonds, mortgages, or other secur-Peters, Martha, 1 town lot.... 6.02 ities: (If there are none, so state.) (Berea College holds certain prom-

isory notes against the corporation.) Average number of copies of each Ritter, W. T., Nr., 1 acre land.. 2.34 issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or other-six months preceding the date Iand 2.41 shown above. (This information is required from daily newspapers C. H. Wertenberger.

Managing Editor. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of January, 1918. Rose, Pleas, Nr., 2 acres land.. 9.07 Ellen R. Raymond, Notary Public, Rowlett, Sid, 1 acre land......11.99 (My commission expires May 21,

You Can Go To School This Winter If You Think You can

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

acre.

from time to time by a letter from

These club members did excellent

calls in every way they could. Lona

C. Fish, Berea, made biggest yield

Bowman raised the biggest pig

(423 pounds). Teddy Strunk, Gooch-

land, made greatest improvement

and did best work during the year,

bushel of shelled beans on his acre.

rocks with an old ax and roll and

plowed, he used same old ax to

in an old dish pan to manure his

The average yield of corn in Jack-

son County per acre is only 1314

Frank Johnson of Orlando, Rock-

our young people. It should be en-

Letters are coming in to the

county agent from old members

County Agent Spence would like

to hear from the five boys who se-

cured their pigs from the Citizens

Bank, Brodhead. He would like a

report from each boy concerning his

DON'T FORGET FARMERS' WEEK,

tilizer Through County Agents

Notice has been given to Robt. F.

that the U.S. Department of Agri-

How to Obtain Nitrate

Applications for a part of the

duced as stated above.

couraged and recognized.

next year.

son County.

of corn per acre (115 bushels), Leela

County Agent Spence.

BOYS' AGRICULTURAL CLUB RE- be received a lesson each month on TERRITORY

Examination Questions for Boys' Clubs

1. Name ten plant foods.

2. Name four plants that get nitro-

gen from the air. 3. Are any soils in Kentucky low

in potassium? 4. In what part of Kentucky are

soils low in phosphorus? 5. In what part of grain crops is land he worked. He produced 45 most of the nitrogen and phos- bushels of corn, 55 pumpkins, and 1 phorus found?

6. Where is potassium found in Beginning his work he had to burst plants?

7. What is meant by a rotation of crops?

8. How often should legume crops burst clods. He also carried manure be grown?

9 What is a sour soil? 10. In what part of Kentucky are

soils sour? 11. What should we put on our soils bushels. This boy, just over the to make them produce better line of Rockcastle in Jackson, procrops?

12. How much of the materials commonly used to sweeten sout castle County, produced biggest soils should be put on an acre? yield of corn reported in Rockcastle

13. Name as many kinds of fertiliz- County (87 bushels). ers containing phosphorus as

you can. 14 Which would you use?

15. Name the common nitrogen fertilizers. 16. How would you add nitrogen to

the soil? 17. What is a complete fertilizer?

18. Should farmers buy complete fertilizers?

19. What is the value of farm manure? How is it wasted? 20. How can you prevent land from work with his pig.

washing. County Agent Spence gave the above questions to his Agricultural LEXINGTON, JANUARY 29, 30, 31 and Club members. These questions FEBRUARY 1! were prepared by State officials, based on the lessons each member LOCAL FARMERS TO GET NITRATE studied and recited through the Government to Sell Nitrate for Ferentire year. Each member receiving 70% or above will be recognized

by a certificate for the years' work. Below are the names, addresses, Spence, Agricultural Agent for S. and grades of those who took this Madison and Rockcastle Counties. State Examination.

Ambrose, Earl, Berea......92% culture will sell at cost a supply of Abrams, Clinton, Clover Bottom. 90% nitrate of soda to farmers in Madi-Abrams, Arkey, Clover Bottom. 90% Baugh, Henry, Berea..........82% The nitrate was purchased thru Barrett, Charles, Berea......70% the War Industries Board under the Baker, Willard, Berea..........70% authority of the Food Control Act Bowman, Ned, Berea.......95% as a part of the program for stimu-Bowman, Leela, Berea......95% 'ating agricultural production. It Burnell, Anthony, Berea......94% will be unloaded at Atlantic ports Coyle, Anna, Berea...........80% and the price will be \$75.50 a ton, Fish, Lona C., Berea..........97% free on board cars at port of arival. Fish, Robert, Mt. Vernon.....85% Farmers are to pay in addition Fowler, Vernon, Berea.......89% freight from port of arrival and the Fowler, Elmer, Berea.......98% State Fertilizer tag fee. Gabbard, Earl, Big Hill88% Gabbard, Ohmer, Big Hill90% Holcomb, Granville, Berea.....85% 100,000 tons of nitrate bought by the Hurst, Ne'son, Clover Bottom .. 95" from actual farmers or owners or Hunt Homer Marethurg 88' of holders of farms for use on their Johnson, Frank, Orlando 77 and, and may be made through McQueen. Stanley, Berea......72 7 Count Agent R. F. Spence or through Proctor, Roscoe, Orlando......?? any member of a local committee Strunk, Teddy, Goochland.... 93% H. O. Lamb, and J. C. Bowman, Settle, Rollie, Big Hill.........93% No money will be required with Saylor, Daniel B., Brodhead 88% the application but upon notice Todd, Charley, Asbury 96 % from the County Agent farmers who Todd. Henry, Asbury...... have signed applications must de-Vaughn, John F., Berea.......92% posit with a local bank association, Viars, Cecil, Big Hill.........85% or individual designated by the Sec-Williams, Clarence, Asbury 30% retary of Agriculture to act as the Anderson. Eghert, Berea......80% farmers' agent for that purpose,

The examination papers were tilizer except the freight charge. graded by a club committee, con- After the money is transmitted to sisting of C. B. Anderson, principal Washington the nitrate will be of Scaffold Cane Rural School; John shipped to the farmers. If applica-Miller, Scout Master. Berea; and J. tions for the nitrate exceed the sup-Miller Lackey, Secretary of Agri- ply of about 100,000 tons the Govcultural Board of Directors, Berea ernment will allot the supply on a

Owens, Jack, Ottawa......94% money to cover the cost of the fer-

and Richmond. pro rata basis among those who ap-Out of the 52 who took the exami- plied. Applications must be renation, 35 passed. Each club mem- ceived by February 4.

CINCINNATI MARKETS. Flour, Hay and Grain.

fancy \$10.20, do family \$9.70, do extras \$8.25@9, common to fair \$6.25@7.25, \$11.25@11.75.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$30@30.50, No. 8 \$29.50@30, No. 3 \$98.75@29.25, No. 1 clover mixed \$29.75@30, No. 2 \$29.25@89.75, No. 1 clover \$30.50@31.

Oats—New No. 2 white 84½ @85½c, choice heavy fat sow standard white 84½ @85c, No. 3 white shippers \$16 216.75. 84@84½c, No. 2 mixed 82½@83c, No. 8 mixed 81@82c.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Butter-Whole milk creamery extras 63c, centralized creamery extras 50½c, firsts 48½c, seconds 46c, fancy 45c, No. 1 packing stock 34c, No. 2 30c.

Eggs-Prime firsts 66c, firsts 65c, ordinary firsts 51c, seconds 49c. Live Poultry-Broilers, under 2 lbs, 26c; fryers, 2 lbs. and over, 26c; roasting chickens, 4 lbs and over, 26c; fowls, 5 lbs and over, 26c; 3½ lbs and over, 24c; under 3½ lbs, 24c; roost-

Live Stock. Cattle Shippers \$10@13; butcher

\$10.25@11, common to fair \$7.@0.50; heifers, extra \$10.50@11.75, good to choice \$9.75@10.50, common to fair \$7

Hogs—Selected heavy shipp—'s \$17.25, good to choice packers and butchers \$17.45, medium and mixed \$17 @17.25, stags \$10@13.25, common to choice heavy fat sows \$10@15.50, light

BUYS NEW CLOTHES.

Denver soon after prohibition went into effect a woman exhibited with great pride the first dress her husband had ever purchased for her, although they had been married long enough to have a child in the eighth grade. She added that he had a new suit, too.

Good Training. "Flubdub runs his new car with extreme caution." "Yes, he's been used to running a baby carriage."

SIX DOORS

PORT - COUNTY AGENT SPENCE'S soils-these lessons were followed FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

work, and responded to Government 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-carning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing. Commerce and Telegraphy. FOR YOUNG LADIES-Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking, Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

considering his time in the club and 2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid progress.

carry them off his acre. When 3rd Door—Berea's English Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College and desire more general education. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on by themselves

4th Door-Berea's Normal School

This gives the best training for those who expect to leach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their course of study. Read Dinsmore's great book, "How to Teach a District School."

The Club work is a great work for 5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course This is the straight road to College-best training in Mathematics.

Science, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

and new ones asking to be members 6th Door-Berea College

This is the crown of the whole Institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

A Temporary Raise in Board is forced by war conditions. To the regular price of board as advertised in the catalog will be added this year, for young ladies, ten cents a week, and for young men, twenty

This adds \$3.60 to the year's expenses for girls, and \$7.20 for boys but still leaves the cost half that at other schools and "cheaper tian staying at home."

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

WINTER TERM Expenses for Boys

VOCATIONAL AND	ACADEMY	
FOUNDATION SCHOOLS	AND NORMAL	COLLEGE
Incidental Fee \$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room 6.00	7.20	7.20
Board, 6 weeks 10.20	10.20	10.20
Amount due Jan. 2, 1918 21.20	23.40	24.40
Board 6 weeks. due Feb. 13 10.20	10.20	10.20
Total for Term '31.40	*33.60	*34.60
Expenses for Girls		
Incidental Fee 8 5.00	\$ 6.00	9 7.A
Room 6.00	7.2	7.21
Board, 6 weeks 9.60	9.6	9.60
Amount due Jan. 2, 1918 20.60	22.80	23.80
Board 6 weeks, due Feb. 15 9.60	9.60	9.60
Total for Term *30.20	*32.40 *	*33.40
. This does not include the dollar Amorit	nor money for	books or

Sheciai Prhenses ill Wanteron			100	
	Fall	Winter		Spring
Stenography and Typewriting	814.00	812.00		\$10.00
Bookkeeping (brief course)	14.00	12.00		10.00
Fookkeeping (regular course) Business course for students	7.00	6.00		5.0
in other departments:				
Stenography	10.50	9.00		7.50
use of instrument	7.00	6.00		5.00
Com. Law., Com. Geog., Com. Arith., or Penmanship, each	2.10	1.80		1.50
in no case will special Business Fee	s exceed	1 \$15.00 per term.		

Any able-hodied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

If it is impossible for any young man or young woman to be in school the full year, by all means they should enter for a course during the winter and spring terms.

The public schools will close about Christmas and the teachers and advanced pupils should not be idle through the long winter months but should be studying in Berea where the best education can be gotten for least money.

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are above 15 years old, in good health and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student in good standing or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden.

For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary,

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Berea, Ky.

On entering Milliken's room one day his friend, Pingley, found him thump-

drawing the most discordant noise from the instrument. "What in the name of all that is good are you playng?" asked Pingley. "I am trying to play that score of Wagner's," replied Milliken. "But the score is upside lown," said Pingley. "That's true," said Milliken. "I had it the other way ap at first, but couldn't make head or ail of it, so I thought I might succeed

Monkeys Use Fists.

n this way !"

Braehm, in his "Thierleben," tells now certain kinds of monkeys emphatize their feelings by striking with their fists. When angry or excited they. bring their fists down upon the ground with all their might. They are not quite as foolish as the man who hamners the table with his fist. They have this excuse: the are looking for a stone or stick with which to crack

A Coilege Education.

A story not new, but worth repeating, is once again going the rounds in ing the piano with all his might and England. Two bootmakers, whose esestablishments faced each other in the village high street, were very distinctly rivals. One of them had a son at college and, in the first week of his vacation, there appeared in the shop win dow the motto: "Mens Conscia Recto." His rival over the way was for son time a little nonplussed, but within a few days he arose to the occasion and there appeared in his window a card bearing the legend, "Men's and Women's Conscia Recti."—Christian Moni-

No "Short Change" Here. An automatic change calculator. which pays out correctly the difference between one dollar and the amount of purchase, is being used in banks. stores, et cetera. The new change maker saves time as well as mistakes, for the change is paid directly to the customer. The cashler merely presses the skull of their dissenting fellow- a key marked with the amount of

HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Dizney, Director of Home Science

A WHOLE DINNER IN ONE DISH of a one-dish dinner, if you have a

The Youngsters Will Like It. Father Will Like It.

Dinner. Why?

Easy to cook and serve - that is used. Here is one combination, one reason why you will like it. 5 cups cooked hominy; 4 po-Only one dish to cook, few plates to

wash, steps saved. Good nourishing food - you can feel sure that you are feeding your family right if you give them this strong.

This dinner helps you do your terials in a baking dish, and bake part for our country. You can save for one hour. wheat and meat to ship abroad. Our These dishes supply all five kinds coldiers and the Allies need them of food. Each is enough for the more than we do.

Fish Chowder

11/2 pounds fish (fried, salt, or canned); 9 potatoes, peeled and cut in small pieces; 1 onion sliced; 2 cups carrots cut in pieces; 4 pound salt pork; 3 cups milk; Pepper; 3 table-

spoons flour. Cut pork in small pieces and fry with the chopped onion for five minutes. Put pork, onions, carrots, 5. Fat: Such as drippings, oleomarand potatoes in kettle and cover with boiling water. Cook until vegetables are tender. Mix three tablespoons of flour with one-half cup of cold milk and stir in the liquid in the pot to thicken. Add the rest of the milk and the fish which has in small pieces. Cook until the fish Food Leaflets. is tender, about 10 minutes. Serve a tablespoon of other fat.

Dried Peas or Beans with Rice and Potatoes

11/2 cups rice; 2 cups dried peas or beans; 6 onions: 1 tablespoon salt: ¼ teaspoon pepper; 2 cups tomatoes (fresh or canned).

tender in water in which they soak- meat in various combinations. seasonings and-cook 20 minutes.

Potted Hominy and Beef

fire in your stove so that you can cook it for a long time, or use a fireless cooker. Heat 114 quarts of You Will Like It. water to boiling; add i teaspoon of Your Pocketbook Will Surely Like It. sait and 2 cups of hominy which Your Bod es Can't Help Liking It. has been soaked over night. Cook "Uncle Sam" Is Bound to Like It. in a double boiler for four hours or in the fireless cooker overnight. This Everybody Will Like the One-dish makes 5 cups. This recipe may be increased and enough cooked in different ways for several meals. A dish hot and savory-good for Hominy is excellent combined with work or play - that is why the dried, canned, or fresh fish, or meat father and the children will like it. and vegetable left-overs may be

tatoes; 2 cups carrots; 1 teaspoon salt: ¼ pound dried beef; 2 cups milk; 2 tablespoons fat;

2 tablespoons flour. Melt the fet, stir in the flour, add dinner. It contains all their bodies the cold milk, and mix well. Cook need to help them work and grow until it thickens. Cut the potatoes and carrots in dice, mix all the ma-

whole dinner for a family of five. Est them with bread and with fruit Rabbit, fowl, or any meat be used or jam for dessert. Then you will instead of the fish, or tomatoes in- have all the five kinds of food your stead of milk. Carrots may be body needs. These five kinds are shown below.

THE FIVE FOOD GROUPS

1. Vegetables or units.

2. Milk, or cheese, or eggs, or fish, or meat, or beans. 3. Cereal: Corn, rice, oats, rye, or

wheat. 4. Sirupeor sugar.

garine, oil. butter. Choose something from each of

these five groups every day.

MORE ONE-DISH MEALS

There are some more recipes for been removed from the bone and cut dishes of this kind in United States

"Instead of Meat" (Leaflet No. 8) hot. You can omit salt pork and use tells what foods are good to use when you don't buy meat, and how to make some meatless one-dish meals.

"Make a Little Meat Go a Long Way" (Leaflet No. 5) will help you to cut down your meat bills. The savory stews and meat pies show Soak peas or beans over night in how you can give your family a two quarts of water. Cook until good one-dish meal by using a little

ed. Add rice, onions, tomatoes and You can make up other recipes for yourself by combining foods from most of the five groups. Pass Hominy is excellent to use as part them on to your neighbor.

No Man Should Expect More From His Country Than He Will Give It

By DR. IRA NELSON HOLLIS President of American Society of Mechanical S

All preparations for public service must be based upon a foundation of good citizenship in our whole country if our officials are to serve well in this republic. A human pyramid can be formed only with strong men at the bottom, and no first-rate public service can ever be built up on a flabby, careless attitude toward civic duties. America is young yet. It is like a boy who has grown far too rapidly, loose-jointed and tall, with unlimited possibilities after his frame shall have been knit into a solid mass. One hundred and twenty-eight years is not enough to bring a nation to its majority, especially one made up of such diverse elements as ours, the dumping ground of all the world for the oppressed and the

Every individual must be regarded as part of the public service, and the first thing he must acquire whether he be native born or immigrant. is public conscience. In some way the ordinary citizen too often argues that because this is a government by the people and for the people the state owes him something. In that respect our patriotism is in part a sham, and we have plenty of evidence to prove it.

The first demand of our republic is, then, an educated public conscience. No man should expect more from his country than he is willing to give it. Those who whine about injustice in modern society are usually

getting about what they deserve. The second demand on every citizen should be a knowledge of our institutions and the method of government. The normal American is right-minded and is morally upright, but slack in his responsibilities to the public. The first thing to learn is that freedom does not mean emancipation from all responsibility to others. It means the self-control that permits reasonable surrender to the needs of all men. Rousseau's doctrine, that man is born free, is false unless the word free is defined in some better sense than that in the dictionary. Men are never free. From the cradle to the grave they have to yield, and every individual lacks freedom in just the proportion in which he has to learn to live with other people. He must think of the wishes and the interests of others.

ALCOHOL INCREASES FATIGUE.

Fatigue is due to the action upon nerve endings and nerve cells of poisonous products formed within the body as the result of muscular metabolism. For a fatigued person to add to his blood, unless in minute doses, another poison in the form of alcohol, is only to make matters worse rather than better. What are required are longer periods of rest .-Sir Thomas Oliver, M. D., LL. D., in "The Drink Problem of Today."

TO SYMBOLIZE A CLEAN LIFE. Four thousand men in the First Reserve Officers Training camp at Fort

Sheridan, Ill., signed this pledge: "1. We undertake to maintain our part of the war free from hatred, wanton brutality or graft, true to the American purpose and ideals.

Aware of the temptations incldent to camp life and the moral and social wreckage involved, we covenant together to live the clean life and to seek to establish the American uniform as a symbol and guarantee of real manhood,"

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Lesson 5 .- First Quarter, February 3, 1918.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES

Text of Lesson, Mark 2:23 to 3:5-Memory Verses, Ex. 29:8-11-Golden Text, Mark 2:28-Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Taking up the verses between last week's lesson and this one, we note Christ was ever teaching the people, for he was truly the Great Teacher, and it is written, "Who teacheth like him? And we may well pray, "That which I see not, teach thou me" (Job 34:32, 36:22). Before he went away he said that he would send the Holy Spirit, who would teach us all things (John 14:26), and he did, and we may rely upon him as ever in us to guide us into all truth.

When he called Levi, or Matthew, to follow him, he promptly did so, having no doubt heard and received his teaching. He then made Jesus a feast in his home (Luke 5:29), and invited many of his publican friends and other sinners, as well as those who were already disciples of Jesus. This brought sneers and scoffing from the selfrighteous scribes and pharisees, who were above associating with such people, and led Jesus to sayothat he came not to call self-righteous people, but sinners to repentance. He does not want worship or sacrifice from unsaved people, for they that are in the esh cannot please God, but he is ready have mercy upon all who come to Compare Matt. 9:13 and Hos.

6:6, and see Rom. 8:8. We can only say to people who are good enough in their own estimation that while we are with man, but with God all things are sorry for them, we never heard of a Saviour for them. Then came up the question of fasting, on which these Pharisees counted so much, which led the Lord Jesus to speak of himself as the Bridegroom, and his disciples as the children of the bride-chamber, saying that they would have occasion to fast in his absence, but not while he was with them. These Pharisees were patchwork people, trying to put something new upon some-

thing old, or something new into something old, but such is not the Lord's method, for our old sinful natures are incorrigibly corrupt and can never be improved or made any better. There must be a new nature by a new birth from above-Jesus Christ received into our hearts and given full control, while the old must be subdued, put off, reckoned dead. Not reformation but regeneration. If any man be in Christ, he is a new creation, in no sense indebted to the flesh or having anything to do with it.

The Pharisees prided themselves upon their doings, their fasts and feasts, and religious observances, their holy days and Sabbath days, their long prayers in public places, their commendation from men, while in God's sight who reads the heart, they were hypocrites, whited sepulchres, a generation of vipers (Matt. 23:5-7, 14, 25, 27, 28, 33). That which the Lord had given for the benefit of his people that he might reveal himself unto them, the Sabbath day, the Passover and other had appropriated, pervert ed, and taken credit to themselves for being so religious. We, as sinners cannot give God anything, or do anything to please him, until we have first received from him the mercy and forgiveness he is ready to bestow, the eternal redemption purchased and provided for us at such infinite cost. Salvation is only by grace and wholly unmerited on our part (Rom. 3:24). The Sabbath was made for man that the Lord of the Sabbath might specially on that day, when man ceases from his own works, reveal himself, and bless us (27, 28). It is lawful to do well on the Sabbath days (Matt. 12: 12), and all acts of necessity and mercy are surely in order. His disciples were hungry and he justified their plucking corn by the story of David and his men when they were hungry. Healing the man's withered hand was an act of mercy at any time. If you will notice the many times they found fault with him for doing good on the Sabbath day you can readily see what a religious idol they had made it, and orshiped it and not God. Again and gain it is written that because of his disregard of their idol they determined to kill him (3:6). Doctor Weston has

said that it is often a surprise when one's attention is first called to the fact, that the immediate occasion of the determination by the Jewish rulers to put Christ to death was his relation to their Sabbath. The Sabbath might be called the Jewish national flag, and In it they claimed a peculiar relation to God as their creator and redeemer, but in reality they knew him not, and through deceit refused to to know him (Jer. 9:3-6). Concerning the keeping of the Sabbath, I know no more clear and simple instruction than Isa. 58:13, "Turn away thy foot from the Sabbath, from doing thy pleasure on any holy day—call the Sabbath a delight, the holy of the Lord and honorable; and honor him, not doing thine own ways, nor finding thine own pleasure, nor speaking thine own words." As to the day of the week, we keep the first day rather than the seventh, because Lord Jesus rose from the dead on the first day and repeatedly appeared to his disciples on that day, and believers are a resurrection people, who are by faith risen with Christ and seated with him in heaven. In this connection see Col. 2:16.

Safety by Surrender

By REV. B. B. SUTCLIFFE on Department, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT-Let him take hold of my strength.—Isa. 27:5.

The passage from which this text is taken is a call from the Lord for his enemies, both the ungodly and also his back-

slidden people, to turn to him before his judgment falls. He declares he will come among them as a fire among briers. He offers them safety by surrender to him and issues the call of this text. His judgment is sure to fall and power will needed to avoid it.

Where can this power be found and safety secured? Not by fleeing away but by drawing near. Not by opposing him but by yielding to him. To the sinner and the backslider the Lord appears as an enemy. To yield or surrender to any enemy seems like folly, the rushing into danger. But yielding to the Lord means safety. And so this call to surrender to the Lord is also a call for the exercise of faith in the Lord as the protector from his own sure coming judgment. To human reason escape would seem to be impossible. How can we escape the righteous judg ment of God after having incurred it by our own conduct? It is not possible possible. Failure is not in him, but in imperfect yielding to him.

A Possible Thing.

The text says: "Let him take hold of my strength." There is no obstacle to be overcome except the inherent unbelief of the human heart. Each one is afflicted with this. It is the hindering thing that opposes all safety, certainty or enjoyment. It is the one common sin of which all are guilty and by which all the more or less bound. It is the sin which so easily besets us. But it is possible to overcome it. When we come to the place where real desire exists to escape the judgment of God, there are no real hindrances; we may if we will, take hold of his strength and in it find safety.

A Personal Thing. "Let him take hold." I live for myself and not another. I sin for myself. I am judged for myself. And if I find safety, if I escape the judgment, I will find for myself and escape for myself. None else can get it for me. It is a personal matter. In the center of my own will lies the answer as to whether I shall go down to eternal defeat under the judgment of God, or whether I shall rise superior to all the future holds of wrath. I go down by opposing myself to God; I rise by yielding to him. I find eternal death by fighting him; eternal life by surrendering to him. It is my own choice

which I shall have. A Peculiar Thing.

I cannot take hold of his strength until I let go of that which I now hold. All the things I have relied upon to see me safely through the judgment I must relinquish. I must have no hope in my good deeds, by religious experiences, my moral code, my high aspirations-yea, I must have no hope in myself. Like Job of old I must come to the Lord saying, "I abhor myself." Like Isaiah, "I am undone." Paul, "There dwelleth no good thing in me." Myself and my goodness are my weapons against him. I must lay them down and in full and unconditional surrender of myself to him I will find safety in the surrender. It is therefore, as was said above, a call for faith in him. He can free me from bondage, guard me from harm and protect me from certain disaster only as I trust him. Until I do so I will find that he cannot do any work on my behalf because of my unbelief. It is unbelief which erects the barrier. In the case of the army facing certain annihilation, only one thing remains to be done, and that is surrender if death be not preferred. As long as the weapons are used and battle offered, the destruction is certain. The sinner faces certain perdition—he fights against the judgment and wrath of God. There is no escape, and can be none save by the way of surrender. When the surrender is made, he finds that the supposed enemy is really a friend and what was thought to be the worst thing is seen to be the best. Instead of God desiring to injure, he finds all of God's desire is to protect from in-jury. How strange that the one injured should be the one who can and will guard the sinner from the effects of the injury.

A Powerful Thing.

With man's strength it would be impossible, but the text says, "Let him take hold of my strength" and with God all things are possible. There is nothing too hard for his performance for he has omnipotence. Nothing too deep for his understanding, for he is omniscient. Nothing too far for him to reach, for he is omnipresent. Power belongeth unto God and he is ready, nay eager, to exercise on behalf of all who will cease fighting him and yield themselves to him. How shall we escape if we neglect so great salva-

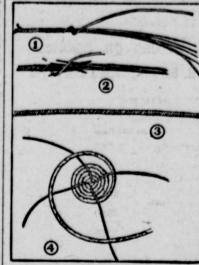
······ HANDICRAFT FOR GIRLS

BY DOROTHY PERKINS

BASKET MAKING WITH GRASSES.

The baskets are built of coils of grasses, each made of several strands of grasses, and upon the care with which the grasses are assembled and the turns of the coil joined to one another, depends the success of the basket. In gathering the grasses, pull long ones, because less splicing will be necessary with them.

To prepare the grass rope for the basket coil, lay together enough



grasses of equal length to make a thickness a triffe less than the diameter of a pencil. Then grasp these grasses in your left hand, and taking a long strand of grass, wrap it around the bunch from stem ends to blade ends, bringing the turns close to one another as shown in Fig. 1. When you reach the ends of the grass blades, take another bunch of equal thickness and splice them on to the ends of the first bunch, lapping the ends about an inch (Fig. 2), and binding them together with the covering strand of grass (Fig. 3). An 18-inch rope is long enough to begin the basket with. Fig 4 shows how to start a basket bottom. Coil the end of the rope over on to itself, to form a small button, and coll several turns



of the rope about this; then with a coarse needle, threaded with the stem of one of the gresses, sew the turns one to another, using a plain over-and-over stitch. Splice other bunches of grass on to the rope as the coil to the preceding one, as you build. If you haven't a coarse enough needle, you can use linen thread to sew with, instead of strands of grass. Draw the stitches tight, to make a firm structure, and, while building one turn upon another, pull in or spread them according to how much and where you want the sides of the basket to flare. When the rim of the basket has been formed, cut off the end of the coil, and trim back the grass blades to different lengths so the coil will bevel off on to the rim.

The basket in Fig. 5 has a handle, and the making and attachment of



this requires explanation. A piece of wire-electric bell-wire will do a center core of the handle, to give it stiffness, and several strands of grass are placed outside of the wire to add thickness; then all are bound together and concealed by a strand of grass (Fig. 6). To attach the handle, bend the end of the wire core around the rim of the basket, as shown in Fig. 7; and fasten the ends of the grasses to the rim, also. Fig. 8 shows a basket with another style of handle made in the same way.

Square baskets (Fig. 8) are not substantial unless re-enforced by other material. The best scheme is to use a cardboard box as a foundation, and to coil the grass rope around the sides (Fig. 10), and glue it to the box. The inside may be lined with silk instead

OWED BOY SCOUTS A DEBT

A boy scout courteously asked a woman worker in a Kansas City, Mo., office if she would buy a Liberty bond. "I have already bought about as many as I can afford," said she. "Still, you are the first boy scout who has asked me to buy, and I owe something to the boy scouts."

"Would you mind telling me why you say that?" asked the boy. "I

would like to tell my scoutmaster."
"Three years ago," said the woman, "I didn't have a regular job, and neither did my husband. I used to go to the market Saturday nights to take advantage of the reduced prices in vegetables. One night I bought a good many and was struggling under the load when a boy in khaki uniform insisted on taking the heavier bundles. 'This is our work, you know,' he said proudly to me.

"I could only thank him, but I never forgot," said the woman, "and today I feel I must buy one more bond to help save America for such citizens as these boy scouts are going to be."

EXPLORING A CLIFF.



The Scout Finds the Rope Which Each Carries at His Belt a Very Handy Article.

MORE EAGLE SCOUTS IN TEXAS.

three scouts as Eagle scouts.

Lewis Kayton, who is in the first Eagle scout in San Antonio, was presented with his badge in the summer. The three new Eagle scouts are Charles Henning, Zay Smith and Seldon Nye.

The court of honor compels each test to be thorough in every way, and it has taken weeks and months of hard work for the scouts to attain this

In order to get the Eagle badge, a scout must take 21 merit badge examinations and several of these take months of preparation. The Eagle scouts won these honors only by the hardest work and by deep study and practice.

SCOUTS ASK FLAG RESPECT.

The San Francisco Ad club, with the movement to make expressions of respect to the American flag more general in that city, particularly on public

According to President Samuel P. Johnson of the club, some men fail to remove their hats when the flag passes in a public parade.

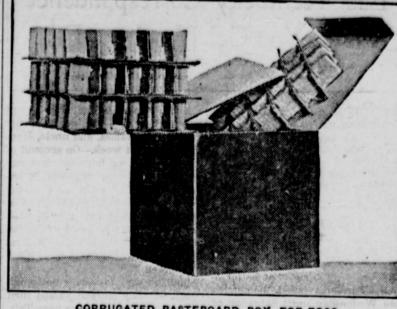
Asked by the club for assistance, the boy scouts promised to conduct a camwhen the national banner passes. the next parade to be held in that city the boy scouts are to march in advance, distributing cards asking men to do this reverence to the flag.

GOOD TURNS BY SCOUTS.

A Cory, Pa., scout, named Harold MacInnes, saved the life of a little boy who had severed a large artery. Scouts in McBain, Mich., gave first aid in a gasoline explosion when two men were badly injured and no physi-

cian was to be had. Boy scouts in Buffalo are proud of one patrol that is expert in signaling. The patrol is equipped with electric and oil flash lanterns, field buzzers, telegraph instruments, flags, etc.

USE OF PARCEL POST TO MARKET EGGS



CORRUGATED PASTEBOARD BOX FOR EGGS.

The successful use of the parcel post for marketing eggs imposes the need of great care on the producer. Only such eggs should be shipped as are produced by healthy fowls kept under proper sanitary conditions and supplied with sound, wholesome feed. If possible, only non-fertile eggs should be produced for market; fertile eggs deteriorate rapidly and are the cause of much loss. A broody hen on the nest, or exposure to a temperature from other sources sufficient to start ncubation, causes all such eggs to be rejected when they are candled. Eggs should be cared for carefully, beginning with keeping the fowls under such conditions that the eggs will not be solled in the nest by mud from the feet of the hens or otherwise; they should be gathered at least once a day (twice would be better), and should be stored in a well-ventilated place, which must be kept as cool as possible. Eggs intended for high-class trade should never be washed, as washing removes the natural mucilaginous coating of the egg and opens the pores of the shell. Eggs which are soiled should be kept for home use or disposed of otherwise than to a parcelpost customer. Candle Every Egg.

In spite of the greatest care it will sometimes happen under ordinary farm conditions that an occasional bad egg will appear among those sent to market. It will be wise to candle process of testing eggs by passing throughout the year.

(Prepared by the United States Depart- light through them so as to reveal the ment of Agriculture.) condition of the contents." A simple candling outfit may be made of an ordinary pasteboard box sufficiently large to be placed over a small hand lamp after the ends have been removed. The box should have a hole cut in it on a level with the flame of the lamp. Several notches should be cut in the edges on-which the box rests, to supply air to the lamp. The box should be sufficiently large to prevent danger from catching fire. The one shown in Fig. 1 is made of corrugated pasteboard; ordinary pasteboard will serve the purpose. Candling is done in the dark, or at least away from strong light, and each egg is held against the hole in the side of the box, when its condition may be seen. An egg that shows any defect should not be marketed.

Violate Federal Laws.

Only first-class eggs can be marketed successfully by parcel post. The shipping of bad eggs not only will cause dissatisfaction or even loss of the customer, but, in interstate shipments, will violate the federal food law if there are more than five per cent of bad eggs in a shipment. The limit allowed, however, is no excuse for any bad eggs among those marketed.

Persons desirous of building up a business of marketing eggs by this method should hatch their chicks early enough to have them begin laying in the fall season, when eggs are scarce and high priced. This will also result every egg shipped. Candling is "the in more evenly distributed production

Many Containers Are Made in "Knocked-Down" Style.

When Returned Postage on Those Still In Usable Condition Is Less Than Cost of New Ones-Consumer is interested.

(Prepared by the United States Depart-ment of Agriculture.)

economical to have the San Antonio now has four Eagle customer save the containers and rescouts, and this noteworthy achieve- turn them after a sufficient number ment was reached when the court of have accumulated. When so returned honor completed tests that qualified the postage in empty cases still in usable condition is less than the cost of new ones. The customer should receive credit for the postage required to return them. Many of the containers are made in "knocked-down" style, i. e., to take apart and fold so they can be made into a much smaller package or parcel. Containers which are knocked down to be returned should be packed on such a way that there will be no edges or points projecting without support or protection, as such projections are likely to be broken or crushed in the mails.

The cost of the container is neces sarily included in the price of the eggs to the consumer. It is therefore to the interest of the consumer to take proper care of containers and to save for return all that are in usable condition. Since the return of containers will have some effect on the price of the eggs, the proper spirit of thrift co-operation of the San Francisco Boy should cause the consumer to take care Scouts of America, has launched a of all returnable empties and to send them back in accordance with whatever agreement or understanding may exist between the producer and himself.

PROPER WEIGHT OF AN EGG

It Should Be About Two Ounces, and When It Becomes Stale Its Contents Begin to Shrink.

An eggs should weigh about two ounces and consist of a shell and two shell membranes, a white albuminous content, a vitellin membrane inclosing and limiting the yolk, the yolk composed of concentric layers of yellow and white yolk and an air space at the broad end of the egg formed by a division of the shell membrane and occupying about 5 per cent of the total shell contents.

When an egg becomes stale, the contents shrink and lose weight by evaporation of water, the air space increases to 16 or even 20 per cent; the vitellin membrane loses its integrity, becomes weak, allowing distortion of the yolk, seeping of the yolk into the white and finally complete admixture, addling or "white rot" results.

RETURN EMPTY CASES FOWLS GIVEN NO ATTENTION

On Great Many Farms Chickens Must Rustle for Themselves-Hen Is Not Properly Fed.

Farmers, as a class, are failures as poultry raisers, in spite of the fact that a large portion of our poultry and eggs come from the farms. On nine out of ten farms poultry must either rustle or partially starve, and often both.

A great many farmers pay so little attention to feeding their poultry be-Many shippers will doubtless find it cause they look upon it as only a profitable department of their business. They will not give the hens the benefit of a test as to the returns they will give for the same care in feeding and housing that the other live stock on the farm gets. The cows and horses will have their needs studied closely and nothing is left undone that will give them a chance to do better, but the hen must produce the best re sults she can with no attention paid to her needs at all.

DISPOSE OF DEAD CHICKENS

Burn or Bury So Deep That Dogs WIN Not Scratch Out-Disinfect Poultry Houses.

When a chicken is killed or dies, dispose of it permanently, preferably by burning or by burying so deep that the dogs will not scratch it out. Disinfect the house after chickens have been sick. It doesn't take long to disinfect, and is likely to save more time than it costs. A barrel of well-slaked lime in which some crude carbolic acid has been well stirred should stand in the chicken house, and be used freely on the floor and roosts.

HENS IN COMFORTABLE SHED

Wind, Rain and Good Part of Cold Must Be Kept Out-Feed Well to Increase Profits.

The fowls cannot be comfortable in shed or in a poultry house which does not keep out wind, rain and a good part of the cold, and to feed well and not house well usually increases the expense without increasing the income, but when both go together profits are usually satisfactory.

FEED MEAT MEAL OR SCRAP

Best Plan Is to Give With Wheat Cornmeal or Shorts-Should Not Be Very Sloppy.

The best way to feed meat meal or meat scrap is to mix it with wheat, bran, rice bran, cornmeal, corn chops or shorts. The mass should not be very wet and sloppy, but should be moist enough to adhere and thus save waste of the fine particles of meat.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else



JACKSON COUNTY

Herd, Jan. 19. - Bad weather still continues. - Sammie Wright who has been sick so long is no better .---S. H. Farmer visited homefolks from Wednesday until Saturday of last week. - G. M. Davis, who has been in Pennsylvania for some fill his appointment at Moores Suntime, is visiting relatives at this day on account of bad weather .place. — Conley Flanesy who has Hurrah for The Citizen and its many been at Lexington for some time, readers! paid homefolks a visit last week .-Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Farmer have recently moved in their new home near Blackwater. - Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Frost paid Mr. and Mrs.

Stephen Farmer a visit last Thurs-

day.

Bond, Jan. 19.-The deepest snow we have had here fell Monday.-It is reported here that Hiram Ingram and family who left here in December for Southern California have returned to Perry County .-M. L. Pennington's and Sam Taylor's families are among the new cases of smallpox in this community .-Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brewer have moved in the 'ouse with their son, late Republican candidate for Gov-J. T. Brewer, of this place.-W. J. Howard of East Bernstadt made a business trip to this place Monday. of Berea; Prof. Miles E. Marsh, Prof. -John York, Jr., engineer for the F. O. Clark, the Rev. Howard Hud- Berea Rockcastle River Railroad Company, quit working here Saturday to work for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company for \$150 per month .-Mrs. Rosa Hacker has been very sick but is better .- H. C. Davis is on the sick list with lagrippe.-Mr. Griffin of this place died recently of pneumonia fever.—School at Pigoen Roost is still suspended because of small pox .- A. F. Baldwin, who was just recovering from typhoid fever, is very sick with pneumonia fever. -J. H. Purkey of Corbin visited relatives in this vicinity last week .-Jerry York has begun firing on a log been confined for so long, are all train for Bond & Foley Lumber Company.

Tyner, Jan. 13 .- Cold weather con-

ed as low as 30 degrees below zero. McKinney's fox hound. — Matt. Abthe worst winter they ever experienced .- Mr. and Mrs. Riley Moore of Peoria, Ill., brought their eight months old baby here for burial; to Brodhead, Monday. the little girl died of pneumonia fever. L. C. and Ray Moore of Louisville and Roy Moore of Lexington were here for the burying. The father has returned home, but his family will visit in Jackson and Lee merchants of this vicinity have been counties until the first of March .- erdered by the Government to close Richmond.

OWSLEY COUNTY Earnestville

school Friday.-Lester Wilson of Green Hall was the guest of his grandfather, James, and uncle, Martin Moore, last week .- On account of ice blockade, we have not had any in the Brandenburg graveyard .-Recently a big boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Newman. - Hargus Phillips is very ill with tuberculosis.-Green Tackett's little daughter, Beulah, is very low with whooping cough. Dewey Morgan passed thru here enroute to his home near Taft. -The Rev. G. B. Bowman failed to

PULASKI COUNTY Walnut Grove

Walnut Grove, Jan. 21. -Walnut Grove teachers, Edward Cook and Miss Vina Stevens, will finish Wednesday, what the County Superintendent and patrons pronounce one of the most helpful and successful schools ever taught here. They have not only instructed our children but through noted out-side speakers have made their schoolhouse a banquet hall at which we have feasted on many agricultural, political, moral, social and religious truths. The chief messengers have been: Hon. Edwin P. Morrow, the ernor; County Agents W. C. Wilson of Somerset, and Robert F. Spence son, Dr. and Mrs. Cloyd N. McAllister, Miss Bess DeBord, Josephus Van Hook, Secretary and Mrs. Marshall E. Vaughn of Berea College; and the Rev. Jerry Farley, County Superintendent Leonard E. Meece, Judge ccugh, Miss Gracie Stevens, who smallpox. had a serious attack of lagrippe, and Mrs. Jonas Stevens, who had

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

Disputanta Disputanta, Jan. 22. - All the

USE

POTTS' GOLD DUST FLOUR

IT'S

BRIGHTER, WHITER AND LIGHTER Than Any Other Brand

Enlist in the Great Industrial Army and Assist Our Government

This is not only a commercial but a patriotic proposi- Ind., one daughter at Lexington, and tion as well. Our Government is making strong demands one son in the Army at Hattiesburg, on us to furnish spokes for army use. In order to make Miss .- who were summoned to their good our contracts with the Government we call upon our home to attend the funeral of their farmer friends to do their best to get their spoke timber to mother. The entire community their our factory.

The Standard Wheel Company is in need to-day of one and one-half million escort spokes, either oak or hick- uary 14, of stomach trouble. He mail for the past wetk.-Wm. Bran- ory, size 25% in. x 25% in. x 29 in. long, and five millions of leaves a wife, father, mother, and denburg of this place died at his other kinds of spokes. Don't be afraid you will glut the several brothers and sisters. - Miss home last week and was laid to rest market. We want these spokes within the next six months. Our factory will remain at Berea so long as you furnish us the timber to operate on.

We Offer the Following Prices on Spokes Delivered at Berea or on L. & N. R. R. between Jellico and Berea

SPLIT HICKORY SPOKES Either Red or White Timber

	1%x2	4-15	inches	long,	Hic	kory	0	nly			\$ 7:00
-	2%x3	-16	inches	long							35.00
	2%x31	4-16	inches	long							40.00
			inches								50.00
			inches all Wh	ite Ti	mbe	er .					25.00
•	2%XZ%		Timber		Ked	or	· n	ite.			60.00
1	1½x2	-28	inches AB, 40				en.	t.	'Al		12.00
	Secor	d G	rowth	Wh	ite	&	C	he	stn	ut	Oak

Second Growth WI	nite	&	C	he	str	ut	Oak
25/8x25/8-29 inches long					. '		60.00
25/8 x3 -16 inches long							35.00
23/4x31/4-16 inches long							40.00
31/2x31/216 inches long							50.00
All spokes must be free fr holes, wind shakes, knots,	bire	d pec	ks	and	d cr	rook	

Standard Wheel Co.

dangerously ill with whooping pox, is better; it is said to not be -Mrs. M. L. Ferguson, of Pigeon

school. - Luna Abrams has gone to Citizen to keep up with the news, bott, despite deep snow and bad Berea to attend school; we wish weather, made a trip to Madison her success. - Smallpox is getting County this week. - Willie DeBord along fine in this section.-William . and Mr. Ping made a business trip and Mitchell Ballinger have returntown, O., but will go back soon.

CLARK COUNTY

Log Lick Neal Moore lost a good horse which up their stores on Monday, the 21st. Williams, an old Federal soldier, pleased to note that the generous fell on the ice.-Several cattle in on account of coal shortage. - Wil- died near here in Estill County of minded men and the sympathetic this section have died with murren, lie Abney, who is in school at Berea, infirmities due to old age, January women have become master of cer--Jim Dunnigan's house and all its visited homefolks Saturday and Sun- 16, and was buried at the home emonies in this section, rendering contents were destroyed by fire day. - Lee King passed thru here graveyard near his home. The rel- aid to the unfortunate. - Mr and Thursday evening. The fire was from Climax, moving to Berea. - atives have our deepest sympathy Mrs. T. J. Flanery of Blue Lick were caused by their little twin girls set- Flora Seals, from Franklin, O., who in their loss. He was a good citizen. summoned by 'phone to Berea Hosting the wall paper on fire. In one has been visiting her grandfather -There has been an epidemic of pital last Friday to the bedside of minute after the fire started the in- here returned to her home on ac- German measles in this community, Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. sides of three rooms were in flames. count of the illness of her mother. but has about subsided. - Hubert M. B. Flanery, who was suddenly Mr. Dunnigan broke out a window -Sherman Chasteen has returned Spry of Camp Taylor paid homefolks taken ill. We are prepared to anendeavoring to rescue a trunk that from Mississippi where he has been a short visit recently. - Mrs. Alta nounce a change for the better contained about \$50, and white in to see the country. He says he likes Dawson, who has been visiting rel-, "Snow and ice" is being continuthe act, received a very painful it fine and is planning to move there atives here for the past three weeks, ally served at the great restaurant wound. The family had etou.2h in March to make his future bome, will leave tomorrow for her home of Nature. Consequently the slipmeat, lard, sorghum, and canned - George Payne made a business at Madelia, Minn.-J. M. Snowden pery footing has precipitated many goods to do them a year. There was trip to Berea, January 20 - John uses his sleigh to carry the mail pedestrians resulting in some serialso about fifteen bushels of picked Berry, who has been working at from Indian Fields to this place. He ous fractures. - Stephen Barrett corn for their bread, stored away Dayton, O., has retrined home. - has not failed to go a single time who has so long been ill, is moving in their kitchen. The only thing Frank Baker is planning to move on this winter. - Rural mails going to the house vacated by John Crawthat was saved was one chair which Major Gada's farm, in the house out from Winchester have not been ford.—The oil men are drilling on plication from qualified architechappened to be on the porch.—Cole- just vacated by Barney Jones. — the best this winter, as the boys farm of John (Smoker) Johnson. man Reynolds is attending school in Barney Jones has moved to Scaffold carry the mail in autos and it has It is their intention to bore on all Cane. - Taylor Dixon, an old man been bad driving in their cars owing the farms included in their leases them for employment in the Navy who always made his home at Clay to the roads. - Smallpox has been in this section, which will employ Department and in navy yards on Miller's, died recently. - Bert Mul- in several parts of this county, but their machinery for several months. lins of Berea College has been vis- to this time it has missed us. - A - The people as usual, are very Earnestville, Jan. 21. - Sidney iting his parents thru Saturday and good many fowls and young stock much elated over the prospect for Caudill and Byge Turner are visit- Sunday. - Moss Cornett of Climax, have died from the effects of cold oil. ing friends and Polatives near Stan- who has been working at Hamilton, weather in this community this ton .- Quite a crowd attended the en- O., returned home. He says: "Hamil- winter. - Owing to the winter tertainment given by the Delvinta ton is a fine place, but there is no weather the Rev. J. H. Matherly did some of the coldest weather we have in an examination room for a writnot preach at this place last Sunday. had for many years .- Miss Candas ten examination, but are rated upon

CLAY COUNTY Vine

19. — The coldest weather that has been experience for many years has just passed. -Misses Myrtle and Bessie Pennington who spent the holidays with relatives in Garrard County, are at home again. - Jim Bowman and er and the heavy snow is causing daughter of this place went to much distress in this vicinity. -Manchester on business this week. Granville Nunn, who had a paralytic have moved into the house just va- nearly freezing to death; his feet

place like Sweet Home." - Luther cated by J. S. Bowman, the latter Moroe made a business trip to Be- having moved to Manchester. rea last Saturday. - Next Saturday Israel Howard succeeded M. M. Ponand Sunday are regular church days der as magistrate, January 7. - The at Clear Creek. - Born to Mr. and kind friends of Mrs. Sudie Mullins R. C. Tarter, and Wm. Hamm.—We Mrs. Charlie Drew a boy. — Dick and little children surprised them are glad to learn that Miss Lou King traded a sow and eight pigs with a nice lot of wood today. -Hamm, who was recently taken to for a nice three-year-old heifer with Willie Howard is improving slowly. Somerset for a serious operation, Houston Rowlett. - James Chasteen, Mrs. Dora Whitymore, who has been Miss Lola Brown, who has been Jr., who was reported to have small- very poorly, is able to be out again.

Roost, spent the week-end with her daughter, Lizzie Pennington.-John Climax, Jan. 21. - Ivory Anglin is Pennington and Nicholas Maggard. visiting at the home of Isaac Mc- who went to Hamilton, O., to seek rapidly recovering. - Scott Hans- Cracken of Johnetta. - Miss Vergie employment, have returned home.ford, Constable Ed Smith, A. S. Far- McCracken is very poorly with rheu- B. F. Downey and H. H. Rice made ley and Edward Cook were welcome matism.—The farmers have lots of a business trip to Manchester last Tyner, Jan. 13.—Cold weather continues. We have now had six weeks tinues. We have now had six weeks the body of snow. The moreury has register. The moreury has register. of snow. The mercury has registered as low as 30 degrees below zero.

There are not enough ship drafts.

There are not enough ship drafts.

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MADISON COUNTY Blue Lick

Blue Lick, Jan. 21. - A great op-Abney has returned from Middle- in the direction taught by the Apostle James in his definition of "pure and undefiled religion" ("To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction") is afforded the saints Log Lick, Jan. 20. - Uncle Frank during this severe winter. We are

Coyle

Powell visited her sister Mrs. Jeel their education, training and ex-Broughton of Irvine, last week .- perience. Mrs. E. J. Edwards has rented a place in Estill county, and will soon move to it.-We are sorry to give up such good people.

Wallaceton

Wallaceton, Jan. 21 .- Zero weath-- Cavlin Pennington and family stroke several years ago, came very

have blackened and he is in a serihave blackened and he is in a seri-cus condition. — Mrs. J. C. Morgan COAL CONSERVED AS died very suddenly with heart failure, January 15. She had several children in different parts of the country-two sons at Indianapolis, sympathy. - George Davis, a farmer, of White Lick Creek, died Jan-Fannie Kidd was visiting over Sunday at her father's .- Neely Pickard of Barbourville is visiting friends in Wallaceton. - The Rev. Mr. Childress filled his regular appointment at the Wallaceton Baptist Church. - A. C. Towery lost three calves by freezing.-Granville Nunn was taken to the Patty Clay Infirmary for treatment at Richmond. - Miss Mary Jones of Berea closed her school in Wallaceton, January 18,-John Felty of McWhorter attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Morgan, at Wallaceton. - It is reported that the wife of the Rev. Mr. Parks is seriously ill at her home near this place. - Pal Ballard and son, Pal, Jr., came very near freezing to death the first night of this last cold spell, returning from Richmond where they had been to fix up the latter's questionaire. - Success to The Citizen and its many readers. Dreyfus

versation now-a-days .- F. M. Jones, our hustling merchant, has his new brick store building up and covered and would move into it if the weather would open up. - The Rev James Young is in very poor health; he has become helpless. He is quite old .-Carlo Lunsford has a very sick boy.

Dreyfus, Jan. 21. - Bad weather

and the war is about the main con-

-Several of the boys are expecting to be called into the Army soon. hogs with cholera, and more are sick. - Corn is selling here for \$5 per barrel. There is a great deal of corn here ungathered, and of a very poor quality. - Mrs. Ellen Young J. O. Jones is not expected to live. She is very sick. - Doctor Coomer was called vesterday to see Frank Winkler who is sick. - Mrs. Nan Lunsford of Berea is staying with her brother at Berea this winter .-Mrs. Speed McKeehan has just returned from Winchester where she went to see her sister, Mrs. Powell, who is sick. - Mrs. Mollie Coyle, daughter of George Sparks, of Dayton. O., just returned from a short

There are not enough ship drafts. men in the United States to do the drafting work needed to carry out Corps here, one of them an American, the naval and merchant ship-building programs. Our country is ened home from Hamilton, O. - Elijan portunity for exercising one's faith gaged in the execution of the greatest warship construction plan in history, comprising 787 vessels, including all types from superdreadnaughts to submarine chasers. Naval - appropriations aggregating nearly two billions of dollars have making an ascent. been made since August, 1916.

Coincident with the demand for increased naval work, there is an equally urgent call for an increase of Lawrenceburg will be kept burning of merchant ship construction. It is betraying no secret to say that in both branches there is a shortage f technical men available for the

The United States Civil Srevice Commission is endeavoring to re- the veneer works and will be delivered lieve the dearth of ship draftsmen by recommending to the heads of colleges and technical schools that senior students in engineering courses be given intensive training in naval architecture during the coming spring, with a view to making them available for employment as ship draftsmen in June. Commission is also receiving aptural, mechanical, and structural steel draftsmen, and is certifying

Local boards of civil service examiners at the post offices in all of the Tse-Kiang. A sailor named O'Brien larger cities are furnished detailed information and application blanks. Coyle, Jan. 19.—We are having applicants are not required to appear an hour. It is presumed that the as-

Use Language Carefully.

Men should not say more about their neighbors in their absence than they would say to them if they were present. This is safe from a standpoint of future tranquillity and it is sound ethics. The same holds true with writing communications for publication. Whatever cannot be said over your signature should not be said at all.-Ex-

INDUSTRIES CLOSE

BIG BUSINESS CAPTAINS OBEY ORDER, THOUGH THEY HAVE RIGHT TO REMAIN OPEN.

Fuel For Fifty Ships Reaches New York, and Hampton Roads Gets Supply For 100 Vessels-Tug and Barge Facilities Are Taxed to Limit

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Washington .- Two, of the chief acomplishments of the Government in closing down industry by cutting off uel supplies have been achieved, Fucl Administrator Garfield announced. lomes throughout the East, he said, are receiving coal in larger quantities han has been reported for weeks and ounker coal again is moving to sea poard in sufficient volume to supply rans-Atlantic shipping. A third aim -the clearing of railroad congestionas not been attained as yet, largely, Dr. Garfield declared, because of un sual weather conditions.

The first of the ten Monday holl ays was observed generally and business everywhere in the East was at a standstill. Reports told of few viola tions of the order. They indicated that thousands of establishments were closed, even though they had a technical right to remain open.

Reports said New York had on hand coal sufficient to fill the bunkers of 50 vessels, and Hampton Roads had received supplies sufficient for th more than 100 ships held in port ther "We are supplying coal to the piers," Dr. Garfield said. "It now is a ques tion of putting it aboard ships." The heavy movement of coal to port has taxed tug and barge facilities heavily. Despite a pooling arrangement put into operation at New York it was found difficult to handle receipts.

At the Shipping Board it was said that both tugs and barges there would be commandeered, if necessary, to make the work more efficient. J. Parsons, special representative of the James Lunsford has lost several board at New York, in charge of bunkering, has been given full authority to exercise the board's commandeering power in his discretion. Only one big concern at New York has not entered the pool. It was intimated that it would be forced to do so immediately. is very poorly at present. - Mrs. In Hampton Roads heavy ice was interfering to some extent with bunkering. In declining to put an embargo on the receipt by railroads of general freight, Director General McAdoo, it was learned, acted against the advice of the War Conference Board, which adopted a resolution approving the suggestion. Officials who sought the embargo as a means of relief from congestion declared this measure still would have to be taken or else nonessentials would have to be denied transportation before the railroad sitnation is improved to any considerable extent.

tors in training with the Royal Flying were killed as a result of accidents to their machines while in the air. N M. Milne, of Malden, Mass., was killed when his machine was struck by another driven by D. E. McMillan, of Durham Centre, N. B., who also was killed. Axel George Benedix, a Dane, was killed at the Leaside Camp when his machine overbalanced as he was

Town Cuts Cord Wood.

Lawrenceburg, Ind .- The home fires with wood for a time. More than 900 physicians, lawyers and other professional men and residents passed the day chopping cordwood at three camps established on the river bank. Night found them with 600 cords of wood cut. This wood will be sawed up at to buyers by dealers who can not sup ply coal.

Americans Kill Two Mexicans.

El Paso, Texas.-Two armed Mexicans were shot and killed on the "island" opposite Fabens, Texas, 32 miles southeast of here, when United States cavalry patrols returned rifle The fire from the Mexican side of the line, according to a report received at military headquarters here. One Ameri can cavalryman's horse was shot from under him.

American Boat Fired On.

Pekin.-The American gunboat Monocacy was fired upon by the Chinese 50 miles above Yochow, on the Yangwas killed and two other sailors were wounded. The firing lasted for half sailants were a detachment of the Southern revolutionists' forces

U-Boat Sinks Three Convoyed Shipe. New York .- Authentic news of the sinking of three large steamers, one an American freighter, while a convoy of which they were a part was passing a lighthouse on the Spanish coast last month, was received in shipping circles here. The three ships were sunk in rapid succession by one submarine, but owing to the proximity of the shore and a calm sea no lives were lost. The names of the ship were withheld. The attack occurred at midnight.